## Chartered Accountants

## RESTATED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S EXAMINATION REPORT ON RESTATED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH PROPOSED INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING OF EQUITY SHARES BY HMA AGRO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

To,
The Board of Directors. HMA Agro Industries Limited, 18A/5/3 Tajview Crossing, Fatehabad Road, Agra - 282001, Uttar Pradesh

Dear Sirs,

1. We have examined the attached Restated Consolidated Financial Information of HMA Agro Industries Limited (the "Company") and its Subsidiaries (the Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as the "Group"), comprising the Restated Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at September 30, 2021, March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, the Restated Consolidated Statements of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Restated Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, the Restated Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the six month period ended September 30, 2021 and for the years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 the Summary Statement of Significant Accounting Policies, and other explanatory information (collectively, the "Restated Consolidated Financial Statements"), as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on March 07, 2022 for the purpose of inclusion in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus ("DRHP") prepared by the Company in connection with its proposed Initial Public Offer of equity shares ("IPO") prepared in terms of the requirements of:
a. Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act");
b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended ("ICDR Regulations"); and
c. The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2019) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"), as amended from time to time (the "Guidance Note").
2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the Restated Consolidated Financial Statement for the purpose of inclusion in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus to be filed with Securities and Exchange Board of India (the "SEBI"), BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (collectively, with BSE Limited, the "Stock Exchanges") in connection with the proposed IPO. The Restated Consolidated Financial Information have been prepared by the management of the Company on the basis of preparation stated in Annexure V to the Restated Consolidated Financial Information. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for designing, implementing, and maintaining adequate internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Restated Consolidated Financial Statement. The respective Board of Directors are also responsible for identifying and ensuring that the Group complies with the Act, ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note, as applicable.
3. We have examined such Restated Consolidated Financial Information taking into consideration:
a. The terms of reference and terms of our engagement agreed upon with you in accordance with our engagement letter dated February 01, 2022 in connection with the proposed IPO of equity shares of the Company;
b. The Guidance Note, which also requires that we comply with the ethical regkirgments of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
c. Concepts of test checks and materiality to obtain reasonable assurance based on verification of evidence supporting the Restated Consolidated Financial Statement; and
d. The requirements of Section 26 of the Act and the ICDR Regulations. Our work was performed solely to assist you in meeting your responsibilities in relation to your compliance with the Act, the ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note in connection with the IPO.
4. These Restated Consolidated Financial Information have been compiled by the management from:
a. the audited Special Purpose Interim Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Group as at and for the six month period ended September 30, 2021, prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India (the "Consolidated Interim Ind AS Financial Statements") which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on February 25, 2022.
b. the audited Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Group as at and for the year ended March 31. 2021 along with comparative audited Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (the "Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements"), prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS"), which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on November 02, 2021. The comparative information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020 included in such Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepared by us by making Ind AS adjustments to the audited consolidated Indian GAAP financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020, prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the Section 133 of the Act ("Indian GAAP") which was approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on November 30, 2020.
c. the Audited Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2019 prepared by us on the basis as described in Annexure V to the Restated Consolidated Financial Information, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on February 25, 2022.
5. For the purpose of our examination, we have relied on reports issued by us dated February 25, 2022. November 02, 2021 and February 25, 2022 in relation to the Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Ind AS Financial Statements of the Group as at and for the six month period ended September 30, 2021, Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Group as at and for the year ended March 31, 2021 and Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Group as at and for the year ended March 31. 2019 respectively as referred in Paragraph 4 above.

## Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution and Use

We draw attention to Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, describing the purpose and basis of preparation. The Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepared by the Company solely for the purpose of preparation of the Restated Consolidated Financial Statements as required under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 as amended from time to time (the "ICDR Regulations") in relation to the proposed initial public offering of the Company. As a result, the Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements may not be suitable for any another purpose and are not financial statements prepared pursuant to any requirements under section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements cannot be referred to or distributed or included in any offering document or used for any other purpose except with our prior consent in writing. Our report is intended solely for the purpose of preparation of the Restated Consolidated Financial Statements and is not to be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose without our prior whtitacensent.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

6. We did not audit financial statements of certain subsidiaries included in the Group, whose share of total assets, total revenues and net cash inflows / (outflows) included in the consolidated financial statements, for the relevant years is tabulated below:
(Rs. in Millions)

| Particulars |  | As at and for the period/year ended |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  |  | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |  |
| No of Subsidiaries | NA | NA | 7 | 6 |  |
| Total Assets | NA | NA | 663.23 | 473.98 |  |
| Total Revenue from Operation | NA | NA | 111.46 | 67.20 |  |
| Nel Cash Inflows / (Outflows) | NA | NA | -1.09 | 3.96 |  |

These financial statements of the subsidiaries have been audited by other auditors, as set out in Appendix A and whose reports have been restated by the Company's management. The Ind AS and restatement adjustments made to such financial statements by the Company's management, to comply with Ind AS and the basis set out in notes to the Restated Consolidated Financial Statements, have been audited by us.
7. We did not audit financial statements of joint operations included in the consolidated financial statements of the companies included in the Group, whose financial statements share of total assets and total revenues included in the consolidated financial statements, for the relevant year is tabulated below, which have been not audited as the audit was not applicable to the entity, and whose financials has been furnished to us by the Company's management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these components, is based solely on the financial statements received by us.
(Rs. in Millions)

| Particulars | As at and for the period / year ended |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | September 30, 2021 | March 31, 2021 |
| Total Assets | 60.36 | 60.36 |
| Total Revenue from Operation | 0.00 | 0.00 |

8. Based on our examination and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Restated Consolidated Financial Information:
a. have been prepared after incorporating adjustments for the changes in accounting policies, material errors and regrouping / reclassifications retrospectively in the financial years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 to reflect the same accounting treatment as per the accounting policies and grouping classifications followed as at and for the six months period ended September 30, 2021;
b. Do not require any adjustment for modification as there is no modification in the underlying audit reports. There is an item relating to emphasis of matter (refer paragraph 5 above), which do not require any adjustment to the Restated Consolidated Financial Statements; and
c. have been prepared in accordance with the Act, ICDR Regulations and the Guidance Note, as applicable
9. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) I, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.
10. The Restated Consolidated Financial Statements do not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the respective dates of the reports on the audited Special Purpose Interim Consolidated Ind AS financial statements / audited Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements mentioned in paragraph 4 above.
11. This report should not in any way be construed as a reissuance or re-dating of any at the previous audit reports, nor should this report be construed as a new opinion on any of the financiadsedements referred to

herein. Further we have no responsibility to update our report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of the report.
12. Our report is intended solely for use of the Board of Directors for the purpose for inclusion in the DRHP to be filed with SEBI and Stock Exchanges in connection with the IPO. Our report should not be used, referred to, or distributed for any other purpose except with our prior consent in writing. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

## For MAPSS ND COMPANY

Chartered A countants
Firm Registration Number: 012796C


Membership Number: 078183
UDIN: 22078183AEOIOB7491
Place: Ghaziabad
Date: March 7, 2022

HMA Agro Industries Limited
Annexure I-Restated Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilitie:


Total Equity and Liabilities
1-2
Significant accounting policies
Significant accounting polics 48 form an integral part of the restated consolidated financial statements


For and on behalf of the Board of Lirectors of
HMA Agro Industries Limited
CIN: U74110UP2008PLC034977


Gutzar Ahmad
Chairmar
DIN : 01312305
Place: Agra
Date : 07-03-2022


HMA Agro Industries Limited

(1) Basic EPS
(2) Diluted EPS

Significant accounting policies
The accompanying notes prom 1 to 48 form an integral part of the restated consolidated financial statements
As per our report of even date attached.
FOR MAPSS AND CQMPANY
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors or
HMA Agro Industries Limited
CIN: U741 10UP2008PLC034977


## HMA Agro Industries Limited

Annexure III- Restated Consolidated Statement of Cash flows

| (in Rupees Million) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Half year ended September 30,2021 | Year ended <br> March 31, 2021 | Year ended <br> March 31, 2020 | Year ended March 31, 2019 |
| (A) Cashflows from operating activities |  |  |  |  |
| Restated Profit before tax | 850.18 | 976.52 | 622.16 | 488.99 |
| Adjustment for: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization | 47.63 | 83.11 | 100.16 | 99.73 |
| Unrealised Fair value (gain)/loss on forward contracts (net) | (10.39) | (97.34) | 103.36 | (6.01) |
| Interest on bank deposits | (6.53) | (7.96) | (3.99) | (9.40) |
| Profit on sale of assets (net) | - | (1.00) | - | - |
| Operating cash flow before working capital changes | (125.75) | 31.47 | (394.97) | (367.65) |
|  | 755.14 | 984.80 | 426.72 | 205.66 |
| Adjustment for changes in working capital: |  |  |  |  |
| (Increase) in trade receivables | $(1,136.28)$ | (432.21) | 2,109.71 |  |
| (Increase)/Decrease in inventories | (178.94) | 304.95 | (637.50) | $(689.87)$ |
| Decrease/(Increase) in other current financial assets | 2.12 | (3.44) | (3.77) | (17.48) |
| Decrease/(Increase) in other non current assets | 174.45 | (534.45) | 1.83 | (3.08) |
| Decrease/(Increase) in other current assets | 6.04 | (136.58) | 222.86 | (212.30) |
| (Decrease)/ Increase in trade payables | 632.77 | 290.02 | $(2,153.38)$ | 1,653.21 |
| Increase / (Decrease) in other current financial liabilities | (23.91) | 35.67 | (58.16) | 9.23 |
| (Decrease) in current and non-current provisions | 2.34 | 3.63 | 2.99 | 7.47 |
| Increase in other current liabilities | (164.26) | (37.11) | 464.24 | (195.34) |
| Cash generated from operations | 69.46 | 475.28 | 375.54 | 444.59 |
| Taxes paid (net of refunds) | (179.50) | (296.28) | (133.31) | (219.40) |
| Net cas iflows from operating activities | (110.04) | 179.00 | 242.23 | 225.19 |
| (B) Casiflows from investing activities |  |  |  |  |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (371.79) | (174.82) | (226.60) | (84.36) |
| Movement in bank deposits with maturity greater than 3 months (net) | (603.30) | (2.48) | (72.83) | (1.69) |
| Interest received on fixed deposit | 6.53 | 7.96 | 3.99 | 9.40 |
| Net cashflows from investing activities | (968.56) | (169.34) | (295.44) | (76.65) |
| (C) Cashflows from financing activities |  |  |  |  |
| Borrowings (net) | 1,037.86 | 122.05 | 371.51 | (120.59) |
| Repayment of lease liabilities including interest | (0.00) | 0.00 | (0.00) | - |
| Net cashflows from financing activities | 1,037.86 | 122.05 | 371.51 | (120.59) |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents ( $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}$ ) | (40.73) | 131.71 | 318.30 | 27.95 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 516.85 | 385.13 | 66.83 | 38.88 |
| Add: Cash and cash equivalents on acquisition of Federal Agro Industries Limited | 3.22 |  |  | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 479.34 | 516.84 | 385.13 | 66.83 |
| Cash and cash equivalents comprise of: |  |  |  |  |
| Cash in hand . | 34.94 | 36.88 | 6.83 | 23.89 |
| Balance with banks: |  |  |  |  |
| In current accounts | 444.39 | 394.68 | 378.20 | 42.84 |
| In fixed deposit account with original maturity of 3 months or less | - | 85.29 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 479.33 | 516.85 | 385.13 | 66.83 |

Notes:
The cashflow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting standard (Ind AS 7) Statement of cash flows' as specified under section 133 of the Companies
Act, 2013.
As per our report of even ate a tached.

## FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants


For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
HMA Agro Industries Limited
CIN: U74110UP2008PLC034977


Gulzar Ahmad
Chairman
DIN: 01312305
Place: Agra


Company Secretary
Membership number : 53307
Place: Agra
Date : 07-03-2022


## HMA Agra Industries Limited

Annexure IV - Restated Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
(A) Equity share capital

| Particulars |  |  | (in Rupees Million) |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |

(B) Other equity


Note. There are no changes in accounting policy or prior period errors which are charged to retained earnings
The notes referred to above form an integral part of the Restated Consolidated Financial Information
Nature and purpose of reserves
is recognised in Securities Pier fum. It can be used only $m$ acc.
(c) Capital Reserves : Any short fall of consideration paid over net assets acquired is treated as capital reserve under equity,
(d) General Reserves :Under the erstwhile Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net income at a specified percentage in accorcance with applicable regulations. The purpose of these transfers was to ensure that if a
信 The mandatorily transfer a speafied pereentagenying notes fro 1 to net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn. However, the am an integral part of the restated consolidated financial statements
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
HMA Agra Industries Limited
CIN: U74110uP2008PLC034977


## HMA Agro Industries Limited

Annexure V - Statement of notes to the Restated Consolidated financial information

1 Corporate information
HMA Agro Industries Limited ("the Group") is domiciled and incorporated in India and it is an unlisted Group. The registered office of the Group is situated at $18 \mathrm{~A} / 5 / 3$ Tajview Crossing, Fatehabad Road, Agra - 282 001, Uttar Pradesh. The Group is engaged in the business of Manufacturing and exporting of Buffalo Frozen Meat and Meat Products operating in State of Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan, Bihar and Maharashtra. The Restated Consolideted Financial Information of the Group for the half year ended September 30, 2021 and for the year ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 were approved and authorized for issue by board of directors in their meeting held on March 07. 2022

## Significant accounting policie

2 Basis of preparation
The Restated Consolidated Financial Information of the Group comprise of the Restated Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at September 30, 2021, March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, and March 31, 2019, the Restated Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Restated Consolidated Statement of Cbanges in Equity and the Restated Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months period ended September 30, 2021 and for the years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 and the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and explanatory netes (collectively, the 'Restated Conselidated Financial [nformation').

These Restated Consolidated Financial Information have been prepared by the Management of the Group for the purpose of inclusion in the Draft Red Herring Prospectus ('DRHP') to be filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited in connection with oroposed Initial Public Offering ("IPO") of its equity shares of the Company comprising of fresh issue of equity shares and an offer for sale of equity shares held by the selling shareholders (the "Offer")

The Restated Consolidated Financial Information, which have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of :
(a) Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act");
(b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 ("ICDR") as amended from time to time; and
c) The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectuses (Revised 2019) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accouncants of India (ICAI) as amended (the "Guidance Note") ead with the general directions dated October 28, 2021 received from Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEB]) by the Company through Lead Managers (the "SEBI Communication"), as applicable.

In accordance with the notification dated February 16, 2015, issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has voluntarily adopted Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") with transition date from April 1, 2019.

These Restated Consolidated Financial Information have been compiled from:
a) The audited Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of the Group as at and for the six months period ended September 30, 2021 which is prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("Ind AS 34 ") as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India (the "Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements"), which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on February 25, 2022;
b) The audited Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended March 31,2021 along with comparative audited consolidated Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 (the "Statutory Consolidated Ind AS Finalial Statements") which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on November 02, 2021. The comparative information as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020 included in such Consolidated Ind AS Financial Staternents have been orepared by making Ind AS adjustments to the audited consolidated Indian GAAP financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020, prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under the Section 133 of the Act ("Indian GAAP") which was approved by the Board of directors at their meeting held on November 30, 2020.
c) The Company has prepared the Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2019 (the "Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements") as per following basis, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on February 25,2022 . In pursuance to the SEB Communication, for the purpose of Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Group as at and for the year ended March 31, 2019, the transition date is considered as April 1, 2018 which is different from the transition date adopted by the Group at the time of first time transition to Ind AS (i.e. April 1, 2019) for the purpose of preparation of Statutory Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements as required under Companies Act, 2013 as amended. Accordingly, the Group has applied the accounting policy choices (both mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions availed as per Ind AS 101) as on April 1, 2018 for these Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements.

As such, the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019 are Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Group prepared considering the accounting principles stated in Ind AS, as adopted by the Group and described below. These Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepare solely for the purpose of preparation of Restated Consolidated Financial Information for inclusion in Offer Documents in relation to the proposed IPO, which requires three years financial statements to be presented under Ind AS. As such, these Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements are not suitable for any other purpose other than for the purpose of preparation of Restated Consolidated Financial Information, and are also not financial statements prepared pursuant to any requirements under section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended. Further, since the statutory date of transition to Ind AS is April 1, 2019, and these Special Purpose Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements aave been prepared considering a transition date of April 1, 2018, the closing balances of items included in the Balance Sheet as at March 31.2019 may be different from the balances considered on the statutory date of transition to Ind AS on April 1,2019, due to such early application of Ind AS principles with effect from April 1,2018 as compared to the date of statutory transition.

(a) have been prepared after incorporating adjustments for the changes in accounting policies, material errors and regrouping/reclassifications retrospectively in the financial year ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 to reflect the same accounting treatment as per the accounting policies and grouping/classifications followed as at and for the six months period ended September 30, 2021;
(b) do not require any adjustment for modification as there is no modification in the underlying audit reports.

These Restated Consolidated Financial Information do not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the respective dates of the board meetings for adoption of Special Purpose Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, Statutory Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements and the Statutory Indian GAAP Financial Statements. The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company in preparation of the Restated Consolidated Financial Information and are consistent with those adopted in he preparation of financial statements for the six months period ended September 30,2021. There have been no reservations or qualifications or adverse remarks of the Statutory Auditors in the last three fiscal years and for the six-month period ended September 30, 2021. These Restated Consolidated Financial Information have been prepared for the Group as a going concern basis.

## Basis of Consolidation

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. The group combines the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses,
ntra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.
2.01 Business Combination

The Group accounts for each business combination by applying the acquisition method. The acquisition date is the date on which control is transferred to the acquirer. Judgment is applied in determining the acquisition date and determining whether control is transferred from one party to another
Control exists when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through power over the entity
The Group measures goodwill as of the applicable acquisition date at the fair value of the consideration transferred less the net recognized amount of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities (including contingent liabilities in case such a liability represents a present obligation and arises from a past event, and its fair value can be measured reliably) assumed. When the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the consideration transferred, a bargain purchase gain is recognized
as capital reserve. . Consideration transferred does not include amounts related to settlement of preexisting relationships.
Any contingent consideration is measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. If an obligation to pay contingent consideration that meets the definition of a financial
instrument is classified as equity, then it is not remeasured, and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.
Transaction costs that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination, such as finder's fees, legal fees, due diligence fees and other professional and consulting fees, are expensed as incurred.

Any goodwill that arises on account of such business combination is tested annually for impairment
2.02 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost includes its purchase price including non-refundable taxes and duties, directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its present location and condition.
Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or Recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably
The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.
An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greate than its estimated recoverable amount.
The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and changes, if any, are accounted in the line with revisions to accounting estimates

## Depreciation

Jepreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on written down value method, which is in line with the estimated useful life as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.
Depreciation commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.
The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period
Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of profit and loss

The estimated useful lives are as follows

|  | Assets |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | |  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Office equipment |  |
| Plant and Machinery |  |
| Building |  |
| Vehicles |  |
| Land |  |

2.03 Accounting for Joint Operations

The Group has an interest in joint operation. It recognises in relation to its interest in a joint operation its:


- Assets, including its share of any assets held jointly
- Liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly
- Revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation
- Share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation
- Expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly


### 2.04 Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is
Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle

- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current
A liability is current when:
It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle

- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
-It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.
2.05 Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an rderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability
The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.
fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use
The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevan bservable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs
All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on he lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole
Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable
or financial assets and liabilities maturing within one year from the balance sheet date and which are not carried at fair value, the carrying amount approximates fair value to due to short term maturity of these instruments.
The Group recognises the transfer between the levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the changes has occurred. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.
This note summaries accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes
Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy (Note 32)

- Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) (Note 32)
2.06 Revenue from contract with customers

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring services to a customer. The Group dentifies the performance obligations in its contracts with customers and recognises revenue as and when the performance obligations are satisfied.

Revenue from inter-Group arrangement is recognised based on transaction price which is at arm's length based on transfer pricing arrangement
Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers

## Sale of products

of products is recognised when the control and ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, on delivery of the goods to the uitimate consumer

Interest income:
Interest income is recognised using effective interest rate method.
Profit/ (Loss) on derivatives :
Profit/ (Loss) on Profit and loss.

## 207 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value
Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

- Raw materials: cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inveritories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on first in, first out basis
-Finished goods : cost includes cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excluding
borrowing costs. Cost is determined on first in, first out basis.
Packing material and stores \& spares : cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.
Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.08 Taxes

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis
Deferred Tax
Deferred tax is recognised using balance sheet approach at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purpose at the reporting date.
The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates that are expected to apply in a year when asset is realised or the liability is expected to be settled based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.
Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

### 2.09 Borrowing Cost :

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs

### 2.11 Employee Benefits :

4. Non funded Gratuity Obligations :The Company accounts for employee benefit expense based on the independent Actuarial professional on every reporting date. The gratuity plan is a non funded plan and the Company makes provision in books of account based on the actuarial report.
B.Defined Contribution Plans : The Company has a defined contribution plan in respect of provident fund. Contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees as jer regulations. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the Government of India The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation.

### 2.10 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions:
f the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.
Contingent Liabilities:
Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-
 occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not w he re pitiable estimate of the amount cannot be made. The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.
2.11 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

## Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement
Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.
The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing hem. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of financial asset. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price determined under Ind AS 115. Refer to the accounting policies in section 2.06 for Revenue from contracts with customers.
In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCl , it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.
The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a ousiness model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are cognised on the trade date, ie., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.
2.12 Financial Instruments continued

Subsequent measurement
For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
-Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) with recycling of cumulative gains and losses
$\rightarrow$ Financial assets designated at fair value through OCl with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition
A 'financial asset' is measured at amortised cost if both the following conditions are met
The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking ito account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. The Group's financial assets at amortised cost includes loans and other financial assets.



A 'financial asset' is measured at FVOCI if both the following conditions are met
a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPP

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments des gnated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other incone in the statement of profit and loss when the right of oayment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the balance sheet at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit and loss. This category includes investments in mutual funds. Dividends on such investments are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the right of payment has been established

Derecognition
A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from a Group's balance sheet) when

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, bu: has transferred control of the asset

Impairment of financial assets
a objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset
For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a los allowance based on lifetıme ECLS at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forwardooking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

## Financial liabilities

## nilial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs
subsequent measurement
or purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)
Derecognition
A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from he same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition f the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss

Offsetting of financial instruments
inancial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised mounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously,

### 2.13 Leases

## Group as a Lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the eased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income
2.14 Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise of cash balances at banks, on hand cash balances and demand deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, hat are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value in the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, cash at bank, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original naturities of three months or less.
2.15 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding furing the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Group's earnings per share is the net profit for the year after deducting any attributable tax thereto for the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding curing the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.
2.16 Segment Reporting

Based on "Management Approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, the Chief Operating Decision Maker evaluates the Group's performance and allocates the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Inter segment sales and transfers are reflected at market prices. Unallocable items includes general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment
Segment Policies
The Group prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the standalone financial statements of the Group as


### 2.17 Significant accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of the Group's Standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the grouping disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances existing when the Standalone financial statements were prepared. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future year affected.
In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements which have significant effect on the amounts Recognized in the Standalone financial statements:
a. Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets: Determination of the estimated useful life of tangible assets and intangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be Capitalized. Useful life of tangible assets is based on the life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and also as per management estimate for certain category of assets. Assumption also need to be made, when Group assesses, whether as asset may be Capitalized and which components of the cost of the assets may be capitalized.
b. Contingencies: Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies/claim/ litigation against Group as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy
c. Fair value measurements and valuation processes: Some of the Companies assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The Management determines the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for the fair value measurements. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group used market-observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engaged third party qualified valuers to perform the valuations in order to determine the fair values based on the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to fair value measurements such as Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of nputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.
d. Estimation of defined benefit plans :The obligation arising from defined benefit plan is determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions. Key actuarial assumptions include discount rate, trends in salary escalation, actuarial rates and life expectancy. The discount rate is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. The period to maturity of the underlying bonds correspond to the probable maturity of the post-employment benefit obligation
e. Tax expense.:Tax expense is calculated using applicable tax rate and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted. In arriving at taxable profit and all tax bases of assets and liabilities, the Group determines the taxability based on tax enactments, relevant judicial pronouncements and tax expert opinions, and makes appropriate provisions which includes an estimation of the likely outcome of any open tax assessments / litigations. Any difference is recognized on closure of assessment or in the period in which they are agreed.
Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation and unused tax credits could be utilised
f. Operating lease commitments - Company as lessor The Group has entered into lease agreement for certain plant and machinery. The Group has determined based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the asset and the fair value of the asset, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties and accounts for the contracts as operaiing leases
2.18 Recent accounting pronouncements

Mecent accounting pronouncements ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from I April 2022

HMA Agro Industries Limited

## Pestated notes to the Consolidated financial information




HMA Agra Industries Limited

## Restated notes to the Consolidated financial information

(4) Goodwill on consolidation


Allocation of goodwill to cash-generating units
The subsidiary is identified as a separate cash generating unit. Goodwill has been allocated for impairment testing purposes to the cash-generating units.
The carrying amount of goodwill was allocated to major cash-generating units as follows:
(in Rupees Million)


Cash-generating units to which goodwill is allocated are tested for impairment annually at each reporting date, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be Cash-generating units to which goodwill is allocated are tested form les than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to that unit. The Company has evaluated that there is no impairment of goodwill is required in respect of above entity



(7) OUter bank balances
Noun Current
Bank D Deposit with maturity more than twelve mouthe"


$\underset{\substack{\text { Current } \\ \text { Bask Dp p }}}{\text { chen }}$

-. Amounts are used as collateral for issuing bank guaranies which are given to various Government authorities.
(8)

Cash on hand
Balance with banks
In current accounts

(9) 0

In fixed deposit account with original maturity of 3 months or less
9) Other financial assets

Nour-current financial assets
Canictial advencances*
Security Deposit
Toul noncurrent financial assets


Total nom-current fanmanial aspers
-Pertains to advances give for purchase of immovable properties.
Current financial assess
Derivative asset - forward contract (Measured af fair value through profit and loss)

(10) Deferred tax assets (net)

Significant components of deferred tax assets (net)


Difference between
Derivative asset
Others
Deferred tux liabilities
Derivative liabilities
Tonal Deterred tax ass

Mach 31, 2019: 37,26,500 equity share of fine value Rs. 10 each filly paid up)

 (b) During he year the Board of Directors in meet ny dated October

Particulars of shareholders holding mere than $5 \%$ shires of a dhs of shares



## HMA Agra Industries Limited



 vheroboldine.
(d) There were no shares allotted pursuant to contract midian


-Working capital demand loans are scoured against raw materials, book debs and finished goods
*Term loans pertains to vehicles purchased by the Group and are issued against hypolication of the Vehicle
*- Pertains to bill discounting with bunks
**Pertains to bill discounting with banks
Refer note 31 on details of security nature of payment and indicative interest rate against respective loans.


## HMA Agro Industries Limited

## Tride payables

## Current trade pajables

- Dues of mixro entepprises and small enterprises (Rofer note leclow)
- Duess of corditors ocher than miero exterpises und snall luterprises
- Duen of covedions othor than mi
- Related parties (Refer note 28)


The Group has the process of datatification of 'tupplies' registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED') Act, 2006, by obtaining contimations from all suppliers. The Group has mot recesived ixaimation fron


September 30,2021
Particulars

(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and sntall
1.347 .62
3.35
1.71
1.71 1.29 1.354 .17
entupprises
(ii) Total out $\qquad$
.
(in) That ourpises and smal lenterprise
(iii) Dispuled dues of micro enterpisiss and smal enterprises

| $\begin{array}{l}\text { (iv) Dipputed dues of creditors other than nicro enterpises and } \\ \text { smull exervises }\end{array}$ |
| :--- |
| Topal |
| Manch 31, 2021 |


| March 31, 2021 |  |  | Outstandin! for foll | periods from diee | te ofr y yment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars |  | Less than 1 year | 1.2 y 2ar | 23 geus | Mort than 3 yean | Tomal |
| (i) Total loustanding dues of micro enterprises and smiall enteprises <br> (ii) Total outstanding dues of creditoss other than micro cnlecprisees and small eneerpises <br> (iii) Disputed dues of miero enterpisses and small enterprises <br> (ivi) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enteprisises |  |  | 6.91 | 0.53 | 1.29 | 678.57 |
|  |  | 60.44 |  |  | - |  |
|  |  |  |  | 0.9 |  | 6857 |
|  |  | 669.4 | 6.91 | d |  |  |
| March 31, 2020 Particulars |  | Outstading for followix periods from dee date of Payment |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Particulars |  | Lese than 1 year |  |  |  |  |
| (i) Total outstanding dues of micro enternises and sinall enterprises (ii) Total outstanding dues of ceditoos other than micro enterprises and small entepprises <br> (ii) Iotal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro eniterp (iii) Disputed dues of micro enterpises and small encerprises <br> (iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than miero conte proises and xmall enterpoises |  |  |  | 1.29 |  | 388.56 |
|  |  |  | - | . |  |  |
|  |  | 383.23 | 4.04 | 1.29 |  | 188.56 |
|  |  | 383.2 |  |  |  |  |
| March 31, 2019 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Less than 1 year |  |  |  | Toal |
| (i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small cricicrprises <br> (ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than mivio eniceprises and mnall enterprives <br> (iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small erterppises <br> (iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small cntecprises |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2531. | 10.43 |  | : | , |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.319 |
|  |  | 2,331.50 | 12.4 |  |  |  |

(16) Other financial liabilitites

Current financal llabblities
Derivative liability - forward contract (Measured at fair value through profit and loss)
Payyble to starecholdce of Federal Agro indusstris Private Limined (Refer note 28 and note 36 )
Employece related obligations
Bocko overiaff
Bokik overiraft
Totall current financial liablilitices

(17) Otlier linbilities

Current Liabilities
Adrynces from Customer
Statitory duess payable


(18) Providions

Non Current provision
Gratuity (Refer nole 27
Total non curreat provisious
Current provisions
Cratuity (Refer note 27)
Total current provisionis


HMA Agro Industries Limited


## ) Revenue from operations

## Sale of products

- Domestic sales

Export
Less: Discount Total Revenue from operations
(20) Other income

Interest on :

- Bank deposits


21) Cost of raw material consumed
Inventory at the beginning of the year Add : Purchased
Less : raw material at the end of the year
Cost of raw material consumed


Changes in inventories At the beginning of the year Finished Goods
At the end of the year
Finished Goods
1.268 .47

Change

(23)
nefits expenses
Salaries, wages and bonus
Gratuity expense (Refer note 27) (Refer note 27
Contribution to provident fund
Staff welfare expense
Total employee benefits expenses

(25)
24) Finance costs

Interest on :
working capital demand loan
term loan on velicic

- statutory dues

Loss on Derivative forwards measured through profit and loss
Other finance cost*
Total finance cost
${ }^{*} 0.00$ (0.00) denotes figures are blow the rounding off norms adopted by the Group

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer note 3 )
Total depreciation and amortization expense
(26) Other expenses

Export charges
Repairs and Maintenance

- Plant \& Machinery
- Building

Facility utilisation charges
Power and fuel
Packaging expenses
Cooling and Freezing charges
Consumable expenses
Foreign exchange loss. net
Security charges
Bank Charges
Freight Charges
Rates and Taxes
Legal and professional charges
Corporate Social Responsibility (Refer note 42)
Miscellaneous expenses
Slaughter charges
Insurance charges
Cleaning Expenses
Travelling and Conveyance
Printing \& Stationery
Printing \& Station e
Vehicle expenses
Sundry balances write off
Software charges
Auditors Remuneration (Refer note 26.1)
Total other expenses
(26.1)

Payment to auditors
For statutory audit Total payment to auditors


## HMA Agro Industries Limited

## Restated notes to the Consolidated financial information

## (27) Employee benefits

(a) Defined contribution plan

The Company has a defined contribution plan in respect of provident fund. Contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees as per regulations. The contributions are made to gistered provident fund administered by the Government of India. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation.


Included in 'Contribution to provident fund under employee benefits expense (Refer Note 21)

## (b) Defined benefit plans

## Gratuity:


 mount of gratuity payable on retircon the Company makes provision in books of account based on the actuarial report.
The gratuity plan is a non funded plan and the Company makes provision in books of account based on


Notes:
Discount rate: The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities for the estimated term or the obligations.
2. Salary escalation rate- The estimates of future salary increases considered takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet and movements in the net defined benefit obligation (DBO) over the year are as follows :


Present value of obligation at the end of the year




Note: Ind AS 19 was adopted from April 01, 2019 and hence other comprehensive balance is calculated from April 1, 2020.
(c) Sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in weighted principal assumptions is:


The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice it is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. The methods and types of assumption used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to previous period.


HMA Agra Industries Limited
Restated notes to the Consolidated financial informant
(28) Related party transactions
(a) Related parties
(i) Subsidiary Companies

(ii) Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel

```
\Sr:Nol
    Ficderal Agro Fdustncs FNvatc L L.mited
        HMA Cattle Farming Private Limite 
    Gausin Cold Storage Private
    HMA Export Private Lumited 
    HMA Lyather Export Private Limited
```

(iii) Joint operations

Si. No Name of the party

| Si: No | Name of the party |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | International Aggro Food Exports |  |

(iv) Key managerial personnel

(v) Relatives of Key management person

| S. | No |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Name of the party |

Mohammad Kamil Qureshi (w.e.f August 01, 2019)
Parve z Aam
Mohammad Ashraf Qureshi
Mohammad Mehnood Qurcshi


## HMA. Agra Industries Limited

(i). Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on account of foreign currency transactions including recognized assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Group's functional currency (₹), primarily in respect of United States Dollar. The Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level.

Exposure to currency risk
The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period expressed in INR. are as follows


Sensitivity analysis
A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against all other currencies would have affixed the measurement of financial ins rumens denominated in a foreign cur ency profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sides and purchases


Outstanding Derivative contracts
The Group hedges exposures to changes in foreign currency. The counterparts for these contracts is a bank of the all instruments, majonty instruments of forward contracts which are valued at fair value through
profit and loss.
The following table gives details in respect of outstanding hedge contracts


HMA Agra Industries Limited
Restated notes to the Consolidated
(c) Transaction and balances



## HMA Agra Industries Limited



Note I: Balances appearing as zero are amounts less than Rupees one million
Note 2: Directors of the Company have given personal guarantee towards the loans availed from financial institutions ty the Company, details of the same are disclosed under note 31 .
The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Oui standing belances at the year-end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash.


HMA Aggro Industries Limited
(d) Disclosure as per Schedule VI (Para 11(I)(A)(i)(d)) of ICDR Regulations:
The following are the details of the transitions

The following are the details of the transactions and balances eliminated during the period ended September 30, 2021 and year ended March 31 2021, March 31 2020 and March 312015
(1) HMA Agro Industries Limited

(2) HMA Food Export Private Limited



HMA Agro Industries Limited

## (3) FNS Agro Foods Limited (3) Fontes the <br> (3) FNS Agro Foeds Linited financial informatio



| Federal Agro Industries Private Limited <br> Sr. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Sr} . \\ & \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{o}} \end{aligned}$ | Nature of Transaction ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( September 30, 20:1 |  | March 31, 2021 |  | March 31, 2019 |
| 1 | HMA Agro Industries Limited Transactions <br> Sale of Facility management services Advance taken <br> Advance repaid |  |  | March 31, 2020 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 60.00 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 26.05 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | - |  |
|  | Balances |  |  |  |  |
|  | Advance payable* | 5.82 |  |  |  |
|  | Equity contribution | 22400 |  |  |  |

(6) Swastik Bone and Gelatines Private Limited

(8) United Farm Products Private Limited





## HMA Agro Industries Limited

## Restated notes to the Consolidated financial information

(29) Financial risk management framework

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the
Company's risk management policies Then Company's risk management policies. The Board holds regular meetings on its activities.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations

The Board oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and proceed res, and reviews the adequacy of the ink management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.
a). Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparts to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customer:

## Cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and other deposits with banks is limited as he Group generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by external credit rating agencies, accordingly the Group considers that the related credit risk is low

## Trade and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that nave influence the credit risk of ts customer base including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments when they fall due. This definition of default is determine i by considering the business environment in which Group operates and other macroeconomic factors

Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on its credit worthiness and historical dealings with the Group, market intelligence and goodwill. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored
The management uses a simplified approach for the purpose of computation of expected credit loss for trade receivables and other receivables.
Summary of the Group's exposure to credit risk by age of the outstanding from various customers is as follows


## b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as ar as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet is liabilities when they are due

Maturities of financial liabilities
The below table analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity based on their contractual maturities. The amounts disclosed in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows


## (c). Market risk

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates - that will affect the Group's income or tie value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long ter debt. The Group is exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of the investments. Thus, the exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign
currency currency


HMA Agra Industries Limited
Restated notes to the Consolidated financial information


## (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates

## Exposure to interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risks relates primanly to the Group's interest obligations on its borrowings. Bormovnes taken at variable rates are exposed to fair value interest rate risk To Group can excellent credit ratings, due to which it has assessed that the are no material interest rate risk and any exposure thereof

## (iii). Capital risk management

The Group aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise ret ms to its shareholders. The capital structure of the Group is based on management's judgement of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day-to-day needs. The Group's policy is to maintain a sta bile and strong capital structure with a focus on total equity so as to debt.

| Particulars | September 30, 2021 | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |



## HMA Agra Industries Limited

## Restated notes to the Consolidated financial information

(30) Fair value measurement

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value those include cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables and trade pavables.
(a) Financial instruments by category



March 31, 2020
(in Rupees Million)


## cart


(in Rupees Million)

 2021, March 31,2021 , March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of other financial assets and other financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the periods presented.

(31) Details of the outstanding principal. interest rate. security and repavment terms



> "Pertains to loans in Indus Farmers Food Co. LLP where the Company is partner and controls the operations
> Loan covenants :

Bank loans contain certain debt covenants relating to limitation on indebtedness, debt-equity ratio, net Borrowings to EBITDA ratio and debt service coverage ratio. The limitation on indebtedness covenant gets suspended is he Group meets certain prescribed criteria. The debt covenant related to limitation on indebtedness remained suspended as of the date of the authorisation of the financial statements
The Croup has also satisfied all other debt covenants prescribed in the terms of bank loan
The other loans do not carry any debt covenant
The Group has not defaulted on any loans payable


HMA Agro Industries Limited
Restated notes to the Consolidated financial information
(32) Particulars of subsidiaries and associates considered in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

|  Subsidiaries <br> (a) Subsidiaries directly held  | Country of incorporation | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at } \\ \text { September } 30, \\ 2021 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | As at <br> March 31, 2021 | As at March 31, 2020 | As at <br> March 31, 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Federal Agro Industries Private L |  |  |  |  |  |
| HMA Food Export Private Limited |  | 60.00\% | - | - | - |
| FNS Agro Foods Limited |  | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| HMA Natural Foods Private Limited |  | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| Swastik Bone and Gelatines Private Limited |  | 9036\% | 90.36\% | 90.36\% | 90.36\% |
| Laal Agro Food Private Limited (w.e.f. January 20, 2020) |  | 10000\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% |
| United Farm Products Private Limited (w.e.f. May 21, 2018) |  | 99.99\% | 99.99\% | 99.99\% | - |
| JFF Export Private Limited (w.e.f. July 23, 2020) |  | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | $100.00 \%$ |
| Indus Farmers Food Co. LLP |  | 100.00\% | 100.00\% | - | (00.00\% |
| *International Agro |  | 50.00\% | 50.00\% | 50.00\% | 50,00\% |


RMA Agro Industries Limited
(33) First-time adoption of Ind AS

statements. The Company has also been applied in precearing the ind AS, opening balance shect as at April 1,2019 for the puppose of transition


 | March 31, 2019 |  | (in Rupecs Million) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Ind As | Rend |  |


(10)

Noscons
aaf 1
II Reconciliation of total comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019


## 

Notes:
a Deemed cost esemption: The Company has elected to continue with the carrying valuce of all of fis property. plant and equipment as recognised in the finencial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, messured as per previous GAAP and
usced it as its deemed cost at the date of transition.

Ster

d. Deferred Taxes: Under Ind AS the Compuny has recognised the onssequential defereced tax impliations on the impact on aecount of adiustments explained athove




44) Summarised below are the restatement adjustments made to the Profit and loss and equity of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended March 31, 2021 , March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 and their consequential impact
on the equity of the Group:

|  |  |  |  | Kupees Millic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Note | March 31. 2021 | March 31.2208 | Marrh 31. 2019 |
|  |  | ${ }^{2823}$ | 488.8 | 66.61 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | : | ${ }_{8}^{264}$ |  |  |
|  |  | (7200) | (19, |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{393}^{1160}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{(533) \\(180)}}{\substack{\text { c }}}$ |
| C. Total limpect ofdajummens (i)t(i)t(ii) |  | (1.6) | ${ }_{\substack{13.3, 0.10}}$ | (458, |
| Restated profit (ase) ater tax (A-C) |  | 72.58 | S89\% |  |


| Pariciculars | Note | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $2.610{ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{1.8823}$ | ${ }^{42665}$ |
| B. Audir Adjustmens: |  |  | - |  |
| C. Restrement Adjustumens: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 264 | 13.21 |  |
|  | " | (1200 | (192720 |  |
|  | , | (17) | (713) | (53) |
|  | ¢ | 3.93 | (180) | \% |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (1, 3 |  |





[^0]

## cols



(36) Ratio Analysis and its elements

| Ratio | Numerator | Denomina | nator | September 30, 2021 | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | \% change | \% change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |  |  |  | Note |
| Currentratio | Current Assels | Current Liabilit | Uitics | 1.26 | 1.28 | 124 | (4) 1.11 | ${ }^{\text {(1) } \operatorname{cs}(2)}$ NA | (2) $\mathrm{Vs}_{\text {s }}(3)$ | (3) $\mathrm{Vs}_{5}(4){ }_{12 \%}$ |  |
| Debl-Equity Ratio | Total Debt | Sharcholder's E | Equity | 0.89 | 0.70 | 0.90 | 0.93 | NA | -23\% | -30. | Note 1 |
| Dobt Service Coverage ratio | Eamings for debt service $=$ Net profit after taxes + Noncash operating expenses | Debt service $=$ Interest \& Leas Payments + Pri Repayments | $=$ | 19.91 | 734 | 291 | 11.02 | NA | 153\% | -74\% | Nolc 2 |
| Retum on net worth** | Net Profits after taxes <br> - Preference <br> Dividend | Shareholder' ${ }^{\text {E }}$ | Equity | 0.39 | 0.28 | 025 | 0.22 | NA | $14 \%$ | 11\% |  |
| Inventory Turiover ratio | Cost of goods sold | Average Invento |  | 8.45 | 9.62 | 15.24 | 38.99 | NA | -37\% | $61 \%$ | Note 3 |
| Trade Receivable <br> Tumover Ratio* | Net credit sales = Gross credit sales sales retum | Avernge Trade Reccivable |  | 13.30 | 12.49 | 1171 | 13.49 | NA | 7\% | -13\%\% |  |
| Trade Payable Tumover Ratio* | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net credit purchases } \\ & \text { - Gross credit } \\ & \text { perchases - purchase } \\ & \text { retum } \end{aligned}$ | Average Trade Payables |  | 22.94 | 25.04 | 13.48 | 9.44 | NA | 86\% | $430 \%$ | Note 4 |
| Net Capital Tumover Ratio* | Net sales = Total sales - sales retum | Working capital Current assets Current liabilities |  | 24.51 | 2024 | 34.32 | 59.32 | NA | 41\% | -42\% | Note 5 |
| Not Profit ratio | Net Profit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net sales }=\text { Tt tal } \\ & \text { sales } \text { - sales refun } \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 | NA | 120\% | $70 \%$ | Now6 |
| Returm on Capital Employed* | Earnings before interest and taxes | Capital Employe Tangible Net W + Total Debt Deferred Tax Liability | $\begin{aligned} & \text { yed }= \\ & \text { Worth } \end{aligned}$ | 0.41 | 0.39 | 0.42 | 0.37 | NA | .7\% | 13\% |  |
| Retum on Investment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { linerest (Finance } \\ & \begin{array}{l} \text { lincome } \end{array} \\ & \hline 20 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | Investment |  | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.05 | ${ }^{0.21}$ | NA | 64\% | 75\%\% | Note 7 |

Reason for Variance
(2) Dobt Equily Ratio : Increase in debt is due to term loan taken by United Farm Products Prvate Limited

(3) Inventory Tumover ratio: The ratio has decreased due to decerease in purchases as ant year cended Mand 31 . 2 in
4) Trade Paybble Tumover Ratio The ratio has decreased duc to deccese inases as atycear cnoced Marcd 11, 2021 and March 31. 2020
(5) Net Capital Tumover Ratio: The ratio has decressed due to decrease in tumover as at year ended March 31. 2021 and March 31, 2020
(6) Net Profit ratio: The ratio has decreased due to decrease in tumover resslting in decrease in profit as at year cended March 31. 2021 and March 31.2020
(7) Reaurn on Investment: The Company invests in short tem fixed deposits whenever it has surplus funds lying. Hence year on year variar $c e$ on recuim on investment is not comjurab),


## HMA Agro Industries Limited

## Restated notes to the Consolidated financial information

(37) Business combinations: Acquisition of Federal Agro Industries Private Limited

On April 01,2021 , the Group acquired $60 \%$ of the voting shares of Federal Agro Industries Private Limited, a non-listed company based in India and specialising in the Manufacturing and exporting of Buffalo Frozen Meat and Meat Products, in exchange for the cash consideration. The Group acquired Federal Agra Industries Private Limited because it significantly enlarges the range of products in the exporting of Buffalo Frozen Meat and Meat Products that can be offered to its clients.
The Group has elected to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquires at proportion of net assets acquired

The Group has acquired 5,84,400 number of equity shares of Federal Agro Industries Private Limited for a cash consideration of Rs 224.44 million (Rs 384 per shares). The amount is payable within one year of the acquisition date and same has been classified as current financial liabilities in balance sheet as at September 30, 2021. The Company has not incurred any major acquisition related cost. Since the Company has obtained control form April 01,2021 bifurcation of profits for cutoff period are not required to be carried out.

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Federal Agro Industries Private Limited as at the date of acquisition were:


Fair value adjustment is done on the basis of independent valuation report as at the acquisition date.


## HMA Ago Industries Limited

(38)

Earnings per share


The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. The number of ordinary shares outstanding before the bonus issue are adjusted for the proportionate change in the number of ordinary shares outstanding as if the er cent had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented ie
from April 01.2018 .
(39) Income tax expense
(39) Income tax expense
This note provides analysis of Company income tax expense. amounts that are recognised directly in equity and how the tax expense is a footed by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates in relation to the Company's tax position
(a) Income tax expense is as follows:

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit computed by applying income tax rate:


The Group has not recognised deferred tax asset in respect of carried forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation amounting to Rs 19.22 millions (March 31, 2021: Rs 1922 millions March $31,2020:$ Rs 14.75 millions March 31, 2019 : Rs 14.75 millions). The aforcside tax loses will lapse in subsequent years as follows:


## (40) Segment reporting

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by tho chief operating decision maker for assessing the Company's performance and allocating the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments and geographic segments.

The Company is engaged into business of Manufacturing and exporting of Buffalo Frozen Meat and Meat Products which is single reportable business segment. Hence the Company's financial statements reflect the position for a reportable segment and no separate disclosure is required. The company has its manufacturing operations in India and sales products across various geographies in the world

The information relating to revenue from external customers of its single reportable segment has been disclosed as below
Revenue from operations


All the non-current operating assets are located in India
List of customer from which revenue from sale of product is more than $10 \%$


(41) Commitments and contingent liabilities

(43) Other Statutory Information
(i) The Group do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding
(i) The Group do not have any transactions with companies struck of
(ii) The Group do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period,
(iv) The Group have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner what soever by or on behalf (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall)
(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries - Cor
(vi) The Group have not receive. ecu fy e fin
(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Parr (Ultimate Beneficiaries) of
(b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tass Act the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tex Act, 1961 (such as,
search irs or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961
44) Material regrouping

Appropriate regroupings have been made in the restated Ind AS summary statements of assets and liabilities, profit and loss and cash flows, wherever required. by reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses 2019 prepared in accordance with Schedule III f hem in line with the accounting policies and classification as per the Ind AS financial information of the Group for the year ended March 31: 2021 . March 31 , 2020 and March 3 , Board of India (Issue of Capital \& Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, an ans of ind AS I - Presentation of financial statements and other applicable Ind AS principles and the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital \& Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended
(45) There are no material subsequent events which have occurred between the reporting date as on September 30, 2021 and adoption of financial statement by board of directors as March 07.2022
(46) The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of directors on March 07.2022
(4) The Group has considered the possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID-19 in the preparation of these financial staturnents nictuding the reciverability of carrying amounts a approval of hose financial assets. In developing the assumptions relating to the possible fore unceramntes in the global economic conditions because of his pandemic, the the group has, ar the date of are required in the finagpial statements.


FOR MARS AND CO MEANY
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration Numb r: 010796 C


For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of HMA Agro Industries Limited


## OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The accounting ratios required under Clause 11 of Part A of Schedule VI of the SEBI ICDR Regulations are given below

| Post-Bonus Issue: |  |  |  | (in Rupees Million) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | As at and for the year ended September 30, 2021 | As at and for the year ended March 31, 2021 | As at and for the year ended <br> March 31, 2020 | As at and for the year ended March 31, 2019 |
| Basic earnings per share (in ₹) | 13.15 | 15.28 | - 9.66 | ${ }_{6.56}$ |
| Diluted earnings per share (in ₹) | 13.15 | 15.28 | 9.66 | 6.56 |
| Return on Total equity (\%) | 38.78\% | 27.96\% | 24.54\% | 22.03\% |
| Net asset value per share (in ₹) | 67.81 | 54.66 | 39.37 | 29.77 |
| EBITDA (in ₹ million) | 932.45 | 1,100.16 | 889.62 | 627.12 |
| Pre-Bonus Issue: |  |  |  |  |
| Particulars | As at and for the year ended September 30, 2021 | As at and for the year ended March 31, 2021 | As at and for the year ended <br> March 31, 2020 | As at and for the year ended March 31, 2019 |
| Basic earnings per share (in ₹) | 39.44 | 194.86 | 123.19 | 83.63 |
| Diluted carnings per share (in ₹) | 39.44 | 194.86 | 123.19 | 83.63 |
| Return on Total equity (\%) | 38.78\% | 27.96\% | 24.54\% | 22.03\% |
| Net asset value per share (in ₹) | 288.18 | 696.92 | 501.94 | 379.59 |
| EBITDA (in ₹ million) | 932.45 | 1.100 .16 | 889.62 | 627.12 |

Notes: The ratios have been computed as under:

1. Basic and diluted EPS: Restated profit for the year attributable to equity sharcholders of the Company divided by total weighted average number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year. Basic and diluted EPS are computed in accordance with Ind AS 33 - Earnings per share
2. Return on Total Equity \%=Restated profit for the year divided by Total Equity at the end of the year
3. Net worth is equal to total equity.
4. Net asset value (per Equity Share) means total equity as restated divided by number of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year adjusted for the impact of bonus issue atter the end of the year but before the date of filing of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus.
5. EBITDA $=$ EBITDA stands for earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation which has been arrived at by adding finance expense, depreciation expense and total tax expense.
6. Accounting and other ratios are derived from the Restated Consolidated Financial Information

## Reconciliation of return on net worth

| Particulars | As at and for the year ended September 30, 2021 | As at and for the ycar ended March 31, 2021 | As at and for the year ended <br> March 31, 2020 | As at and for the year ended March 31, 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equity share capital (1) | 158.38 | 37.27 | 37.27 | 37.27 |
| Other equity (II) | 3,063.35 | 2,559.80 | 1,833.20 | 1.377 .26 |
| Total equity (III) $=$ (I+II) | 3,221.73 | 2,597.07 | 1,870.46 | 1,414.52 |
| Profit for the year (IV) | 624.65 | 726.16 | 459.07 | 311.65 |
| Return on net worth (IV/(III)) | 38.78\% | 27.96\% | 24.54\% | 22.03\% |

*Amount of September 30, 2021 are annualised to ensure consistent disclosure of numbers compared to full yeir ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019

| Reconciliation of return on capital employed |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | As at and for the year ended September 30, 2021* | As at and for the year ended <br> March 31, 2021 | As at and for the year ended <br> March 31, 2020 | As at and for the year ended <br> March 31, 2019 |
| Total equity (I) | 3,221.73 | 2.597.07 | $\square 1.870 .46$ | 1.414 .52 |
| EBITDA (II) | 932.45 | 1,100.16 | 889.62 | 627.12 |
| Return on capital emploved (III=-I/I) | 57.89 | 42.36 | 47.56 | 44.33 |

**Amount of September 30,2021 are annualised to ensure consistent disclosure of numbers compared to full year ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and
March 31, 2019.

| Particulars | As at and for the year ended September 30, 2021 | As at and for the year ended March 31, 2021 | As at and for the year ended <br> March 31, 2020 | As at and for the year ended March 31, 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equity share capital (I) | 158.38 | 37.27 | 37.27 | 37.27 |
| Other cquity (II) | 3,063.35 | 2,559.80 | .833.20 | 1.377 .26 |
| Total equity (III)=(I+II) | 3,221.73 | 2.597 .07 | 1,870.46 | 1.414 .52 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares for the year (IV) | 47,512.875 | $\underline{47,512,875}$ | 47,512,875 | 47,512.875 |
| Net asset value per share* ( $\mathrm{V}=$ (III)//V) | 67.81 | 54.66 | 39.37 | -29.77 |

Reconciliation of debt equity ratio

| Particulars | As at and for the year ended September 30, 2021 | As at and for the year ended March 31, 20.21 | As at and for the year ended March 31. 2020 | As at and for the year ended March 31, 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-current borrowings (I) | 370.23 | 50.34 | --- |  |
| Current maturitics of non-current borrowings (11) | 2,488.59 | 1.763.00 | 1.691.30 | 1.319 .78 |
| Total borrowings III = (1+II) | 2.858.82 | 1.813 .35 | 1,691.30 | 1.319 .78 |
| Equity share capital (IV) | 158.38 | 37.27 | 37.27 | 37.27 |
| Other equity (V) | 3,063.35 | 2.559 .80 | 1.833.20 | 1.377.26 |
| Total equity (VI) $=(\mathrm{IV}+\mathrm{V}$ ) | 3,221.73 | 2,597.07 | 1,870.46 | 1,414.52 |
| Debt equity ratio (VII=[II/VI) | 88.74\% | 69.82\% | 90.42\% | 93.30\% |

In accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations the audited financial statements of the Company for the period ended September 30, 2021 and financial year ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 (collectively, the "Audited Financial Statements") are available on our website at www.hmagroup.co. There are no material subsidiaries of the Company as at September 30, 2021 March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.
Our Company is providing a link to this website solely to comply with the requirements specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The Audited Financial Statements do not constitute, (i) a part of this Draft Red Herring Prospectus; or (ii) a prospectus, a statement in lieu of a prospectus, an offering circular, an offering memorandum, an advertisement, an offer or a solicitation of any offer or an offer document or recommendation or solicitation to purchase or sell any securities under the Companies Act, the SEBI ICDR Regulations. or any other applicable law in India or elscwhere. The Audited Financial Statements should not be considered as part of information that any investor should consider for subscription to or purchase of any securities of our Company and should not be relied upon or used as a basis for any investment decision.


## Annexure VI - Restated Consolidated Statement of Capitalisation

## CAPITALISATION STATEMENT

The following table sets forth our Company's capitalisation as at September 30, 2021, on the basis of the Restated Financial Statements, and as adjusted for the Offer. This table should be read in conjunction with the sections titled "Risk Factors", "Financial Statements" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations "respectively


The corresponding post IPO capitalization data for each of the amounts given in the above table is not determinable at this stage pending the completion of the Book Building process and hence the same have not been provided in the above statement
(a) During the year the Board of Directors in meeting dated July 08,2021 has approved the issue of Bonus shares to all the shareholder in the ratio of $3.25: 1$ per equity shares. This was subsequently approved by all the share holders in extra ordinary general meeting of the Company held on July 14, 2021.
(b) During the year the Board of Directors in meeting dated October 04, 2021 has approved the issue of Bonus shares to all the shareholder in the ratio of $2: 1$ per equity shares. This was subsequently approved by all the share holders in extra ordinary general meeting of the Company held on October 15, 2021.


## FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS

Our Company and our subsidiary company. i.c. United Farm Products Private Limited have availed borrowings in the ordinary course of our busines
Set forth below is a brief summary of our aggregate outstanding borrowings on a consolidated basis as on September 30, 2021

|  | in Rupees Million) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Nature of Borrowings | September 30, 2021 |
| Securel Borowings |  |
| (fund tased) | 2.770 .67 |
| Unsectred Borrowings | 88.15 |
| Total | 2,858.82 |

1 Details of secured borrowings

| Particulars | September 30, 2021 | Interest rate | Santion letter date | Amount Sanctioned | Tenor | Secured agninst |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Secured lonns of HMA Agro Industries Limited |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HDFC Bank | 2.000 .86 | 7.15\% | July 13, 202. | 2400 | On Completion of tenure of the WCDI facility | 1. Hypothication of Raw mater als, Book debts, Finished goods, Fixed deposits and personal gaurantee of Directors and its related parties including other Group Companies where promotors are directors. <br> 2. Personal Gaurantee of: Gulzar Ahmed, Mohd Ashraf Qureshi. Zulliquar Ahmed Qureshi, Wajid Ahmed, Molid Kamil Qureshi, Gulzeeb Ahmed, Zakiya Begaum, Qureshi, Parvez, Alam, Nafees Begaum. <br> 3 Corporate Guarantees of - Tajview Builder and Promoters Private Limited. Tajview Construction Privale Limited, H.M.A Food Export Priarte Limited, Federal Agro Industries Private Limited. <br> 4 Collatoral Properties <br> 1. Property in the name of Company <br> i. 12 Res dential flet - Property bearing Flat No. (14, area measuring 75.71 Sq . <br> mitrs, on third floor. in Plot No. 1, built on property no. $2 / 220$ (Koth No. 31), situated at <br> Swadeshi Bima Nagar, M.G. Road, Ward-Hari Parvat, Agra, U.P <br> 2. Industrial land \& building - Property bearing land areal measuring 0.7830 hectare in Khasra/ <br> Gata No. 287 Min , situated at Village, Kuberpur, Tehsil-Etmadpur, Agra, U.P. <br> 3. Industrial land \& building - Property bearing total land area measuring 2.029 <br> hectare in Khasra/Gata No. 293Min (0.703 hectare), 295Min ( 0.933 hectare), 297Min ( 0.392 <br> hectare) situated at Village Kuberpur. Tchsil-Etmadpur, Agra. U P <br> 4. Comnercial/Shop - Pioperty bearing Shop No. 02, area measuring 68.39 Sq <br> mtrs, on second floor, in Plot No. 1. built on property no. 2/220 (Kothi No. 31), situated at Swadeshi Bima Nagar, M.G. Road, Ward-Hari Parvat, Agrt, U.P. <br> 5 Commercial/Shop - Propertybcaring Shop No. 03, area measuring 63.17 Sq . <br> mitrs, on tirst floor, in Plot No. 1, built on property no. $2 / 220$ (Kothi No. 31). situated at <br> Swadeshi Bima Nagar, M.G. Road, Ward-Hari Parvat, Agre, U.P. <br> II Propertics in the name of Subsidiary Companics: <br> 1 HMA Food Exports Private Limited - Property bearing total land area measuring 0.5747 hectare (land area neasuring 0.387 hectare out of land area 0.4686 hectare carlier owned by Siri Deepak Bansa\& Shri Vikas Bansal AND land area measuring 0. 1877 hectare out of land area 0.423 hectare carlier owned by Smt.Poonam Agarwal) in Khasra (iata No. 293Min, situated at Village Kuberpur, Tchsil-Etmadpur, Agra <br> 2 Fedenl Agro Incustries Limited - Land and Building situated at Village Behra, Barwala Road, dera Bassi. Distt Pataila Purjab measuring 72 Bighas 17 Biswas IE 18.30 acres and Land and Boundary wall situated at Village Behra, Barwale Road, dera Bassi, Distt Mohali Punjab measuring 7 bigha 18 biswa. <br> III. Fixed deposit of 150 Million and Lien on Fixed Depositsof Rs 50 Million <br> 4. Various other colateral properties (land) given by the Companies in which promotor of Company are Directors. |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YES Bank | 399.58 | 7.10\% | Janurary 04, 2021* | $400^{*}$ | On Completion of tenure of the WCDL tacility | 1. First clage on current assets of the Company, bolh present and fiuture <br> 2 Exclusive charge on the residential properties by the way of equitable mortgage collatorlised with United Farns India Private Limiced. <br> 3 Personal Gauranitee of: Gulzar Ahmed, Zulfiquar Ahmel Qureshi, Gulzeeb Abmed, Zakiya Qureshi and Wajid Ahmed. <br> 4 Various other co ateral properties (land) given by the Companies in which promotor of Company are Direc orrs. |
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### 2.858.8


 prescribed criteria. The debt covenant related to limitation on indebtedness remained suspended as of the date of the authorisation of the financial statements.
The Group has also satisfied all other debt covenants prescribed in the terms of bank loan.
The other loans do not carry any debt covenant.
The Group has not defaulted on any loans payable.
(1) Props mont: The prepayment fee or penalty attracted in respect of certain loans is typically $-2.00 \%$ of the sanction amount or principal cutstanding of prepayment or entire working capital limit, as applicable.
(2) Repayment: The facilities are typically repayable on demand except loan in United Farms Private Limited which is payable in 20 equal cuarterly installment after completion of 2 vears of moratorium.



[^0]:    (c) Adjustment for tax expense for earlier year:
    Provision for income tax has been reversed from the financial year in which it has been recorded and the same has been recognised in the financial year to which it
    pertains

