MAPSS AND COMPANY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS C-40, Second Floor, Ten Tower Above Indian Bank, Sec-15, Vasundhara, Ghaziabad-201012

Tel: 0120-4166486

Email: gpa001@gmail.com



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of HMA Food Export Private Limited

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of HMA Food Export Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, the statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024 and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

On the facts and circumstances of the company and the audit, we determine that there are no key audit

matters to communicate.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards (AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act subject to the matters specified in key audit matters and other matters.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2024taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.
- g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its consolidated financial statements. Refer Note no. 38 to the consolidated financial statements.
- ii. The Company has not made any provision against the pending litigation as the company believes that these claims are not tenable and hence no provisioning made by the company.
- iii.There were no amounts as on 31st March 2024, which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv.(a) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed

funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material mis-
- As stated in note 2.16 to the accompanying standalone financial statement, the Board of Directors of the company has recognizes a liability to pay dividend to equity holders of the parent when the distribution is authorized, and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the company. As per corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorized when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognized directly in equity. Company has declared and paid dividend during the period under review.
- vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended), which provides for books of account to have the feature of audit trail, edit log and related matters in the accounting software used by the Company, is applicable to the Company only with effect from financial year beginning April 1, 2024 the reporting under clause (g) of Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), is currently not applicable.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we have given "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn No. 012796C

CA GYAN CHANDRA MISRA

FRN-012796C

Partner

Membership No. 078183

UDIN: 24078183BKATBL4922

Date: 20-05-2024 Place: Ghaziabad

Annexure 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of HMA Food Export Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financials Statements under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of HMA Food Export Private Limited (the "Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 012796@

CA GYAN CHANDRA MISRA

FRN-012796

Partner

Membership No. 078183

UDIN: 24078183BKATBL4922

Date: 20-05-2024 Place: Ghaziabad

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of HMA Food Export Private Limited of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that: We report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;
- (B) No Intangible assets during the period under review;
- (b) As explained to us, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment by which all Property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with the programme, certain Property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the company except the following:-

Description of Property	Gross carrying value	Held in name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held - indicate range, where appropriate	Reason for not being held in name of company
			NIL		

- (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) As explained to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) As explained to us, physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. No discrepancy of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed on physical verification of stocks by the management as compared to book records.
- (b) The company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crore, in aggregate,

at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

- (iii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, company has not any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties, hence (iii)(b) is not required to report.;
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, company has not any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties, hence (iii)(c) is not required to report.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, company has not any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties, hence (iii)(d) is not required to report.
- (e) No loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.

Name of Party	Amount renewed or extended	% of total loan	Remark, if any
	Nil		

- (f) The company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- (iv) In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security, provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with except non-charging of interest on the loan.
- (v) The company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits covered under sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Hence, reporting under clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the records made available to us, company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanation given to us there were no outstanding statutory dues as on 31st of March, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) that have not been deposited on account of any dispute except following: (if applicable):

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where Dispute is Pending	Remarks, if
			Nil		

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given by the management, there were no transactions related to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any loans or borrowings from any lender during the year.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the company is not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has utilized the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were obtained, except for:

Nature of the fund raised	Name of the lender	Amount diverted (Rs.)	Purpose for which amount was sanctioned	Purpose for which amount was utilized	Remarks
			Nil		

- (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes.
- (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures,
- (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (g) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company did not have any loans or borrowings from any lender during the year, hence (ix)(g) is not required to report.

(x) (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer

(including debt instruments) during the year.

- (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given by the management, no fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has been noticed or reported during the year;
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, no whistle-blower complaints have been received by the company.
- (xii) The company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, clause xii is not applicable on the company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- (xiv) (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934).
- (b) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934,
- (c) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Group does not have any CIC as part of the Group.
- (xvii) Based on our examination, the company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

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(xx) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to any project. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

(xxi)There have been no qualifications or adverse remarks in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, clause3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable.

For MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn No. 0/12796C

GYAN CHANDRA MISRA

Partner

Membership No. 078183

UDIN: 24078183BKATBL4922

Date: 20-05-2024 Place: Ghaziahad

HMA Food Export Private Limited Balance sheet as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Note	As at	(Rs in '00
ASSETS		March 31, 2024	March 31,2023
(A) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment			
(b) Financial assets	3	1,92,802	2.00.4
(i) Other financial assets		-,,	2,00,4
(c) Income tax assets	9	59,041	25,9
(d) Deferred tax assets (net)		17,766	
(e) Other assets	8	7,367	6,0
Total non-current assets	10	950	
B) Current assets		2,77,925	2,33,79
(a) Inventories			
	4	20.2==	
(b) Financial assets	7	20,377	22,24
(i) Trade receivables	5	10.644	
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	6	19,611	18,32
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	7	2,936	8,60
(iv) Other financial assets (c) Other assets	9	257	18,73
otal current assets	10	15,909	12,42
own current assets		59,090	20,75
otal assets	A Commence of the	33,030	1,01,08
		3,37,016	3,34,88
OUITY AND LIABILITIES			-//
A) Equity			
(a) Share capital			
(b) Other equity	11	16,866	16,86
otal equity	12	1,88,284	1,27,40
		2,05,150	1,44,267
3) Liabilities			
) Non-current liabilities (a) Provisions			
otal non-current liabilities		9,205	10,684
The state of the s		9,205	10,684
7.6			10/001
I) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Trade payables	13		
 Total outstanding dues of micro enterprise and small enterprises 	13		
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		31,497	-
(II) Other financial liabilities	14	77,949	31,878
(b) Other liabilities	15	11,092	1,42,973
(c) Provision	16	2,123	3,946
tal current liabilities		1,22,661	1,132 1,79,929
tal Equity and Liabilities		3,37,016	3,34,881
rporate information and material accounting policies	1-2		3,34,001

The accompanying notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of the financial statements

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As per our audit report of even date attached

FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration Number: 012796C

CA Gyan Chandra Misra Partner

Membership Number: 078183

Place : Ghaziabad Date : 20.05.2024 UDIN : 24078183BKATBL4922

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of HMA Food Export Private Limited

EXPOR CIN: U01403UP2009PTC038747

Gulzair Ahmed

Director DIN: 09116380

Place : Agra
Date : 20.05.2024

Parvez Alam

Director DIN: 01312276 Place : Agra Date : 20.05.2024

HMA Food Export Private Limited Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars (1) Income	Note	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31,2023
(a) Revenue from operations	17	7.00.000	
(b) Other income	18	7,80,000	5,31,535
Total Income		2,349	2,078
2) Expenses		7,82,349	5,33,613
a) Employee benefits expense	19	3.40.045	
b) Finance costs	20	3,49,845	3,29,108
c) Depreciation expense	21		32
d) Other expenses	22	21,072	21,862
otal Expenses	22	3,35,553	1,64,815
		7,06,470	5,15,817
3) Profit before tax (1-2)			
		75,879	17,796
4) Tax expense			
a) Current tax			
) Tax expense/(reversal) relating to prior years		26,928	10,180
:) Deferred tax charge / (credit)		(7,374)	-
otal tax expense		(2,452)	(4,104)
		17,102	6,076
i) Profit for the year			0,070
) Other comprehensive income		58,777	11,720
) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit / (Loss)			
Remeasurement of defined employee benefit plans*			
) Deferred tax impact on above		3,206	
) Items that will be reclassified to Profit / (Loss)		(1,100)	맛이 되었다면 하는데 그는 그는데
otal other comprehensive income/(loss)			
) Total comprehensive income for the year		2,106	_
y some comprehensive income for the year		60,883	11,720
rnings per share (EPS) (Rupees per share)			//20
sic and diluted earnings per share (in Rs)	28		
rporate information and material accounting policies		36	7

The accompanying notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of the financial statements

FRN-0127960

FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration Number: 012796C

CA Gyan Chandra Misra

Membership Number: 078183

Place: Ghaziabad Date: 20.05.2024

UDIN: 24078183BKATBL4922

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

HMA Food Export Private Limited

CIN: U01403UP2009PTC038747

Gulzair Ahmed

Director

DIN: 09116380 Place: Agra

Date: 20.05.2024

Parvez Alam

EXPOR

Director DIN: 01312276

Place: Agra Date: 20.05.2024

HMA Food Export Private Limited Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	Year ended	(Rs in '00
	March 31, 2024	March 31,2023
(A) Cashflows from operating activities		Fidi Cii 31,2023
Profit before tax		
Adjusted for :	75,879	17,79
Depreciation expense		17,73
Interest income	21,072	21,86
	(2,160)	(1,92
Adjustment for changes in working capital:		(-/52
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables		
(Decrease)/Increase in other current liabilities	(381)	(1,13,88
Decrease/(Increase) in other current assets	7,146	2,558
(Increase) in trade receivables	4,845	(17,92)
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	(1,287)	(18,324
(Increase)/Decrease in non current financial assets	1,864	(22,24)
Decrease)/Increase in other financial liabilities	(14,373)	5,716
increase in provisions	(65,024)	1,42,973
Cash generated from operations	2,718	
axes paid (net of refunds)	42,468	11,816
Net cashflows from operating activities	(36,721)	15,998
tee custillows from operating activities	5,747	(11,058
B) Cashflows from investing activities		4,940
urchase of property plant and equipments		
Pecrease in other bank balances	(13,375)	
ecrease in other bank balances	(13,373)	(1,497)
nterest received during the year	1,960	
let cashflows from investing activities		1,926
	(11,415)	430
C) Cashflows from financing activities		
roceeds/(Repayment) of current borrowings		
et cashflows from financing activities	-	<u> </u>
	-	
et (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(=	
	(5,668)	5,370
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8,604	3,234
	2,936	8,604
omponents of cash and cash equivalents		
lance with banks in current account		
ish on hand	899	797
otal cash and cash equivalents	2,037	7,807
	2,936	8,604

Notes:

The cashflow statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting standard (Ind AS 7) Statement of cash flows' as specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per our report of even date attached.

FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 012796C

FRN-0127960

CA Gyan Chandra Misra

Membership no :- 078183 Place: - Ghaziabad

Date: 20.05.2024 UDIN: 24078183BKATBL4922

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **HMA Food Export Private Limited**

EXPORIN: U01403UP2009PTC038747

Gulzair Ahmed

INDIA

Director DIN: 09116380

Place : Agra Date : 20.05.2024

Parvez Alam

Director DIN: 01312276 Place : Agra Date : 20.05.2024

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

(A) Equity share capital

(Rs in '000)

Particulars	
Balance as at April 1, 2022	Amount
Changes in equity share capital during the year	16,866
Balance as at March 31, 2023	
Balance as at April 1, 2023	16,866
Changes in equity share capital during the year	16,866
Balance as at March 31, 2024	
	16,866

Note : There are no changes in accounting policy or prior period errors which are charged to retained earnings

(B) Other equity

	Reserve a	nd Surplus		(Rs in '00
Particulars	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Remeasurement of defined employee	Total equity
Balance as at April 1, 2022 Profit/(loss) for the year	40,299	75,382	benefit plans	
Balance as at March 31, 2023	-	11,720		1,15,68
alance as at April 1, 2023	40,299	87,102	-	11,72
rofit/(loss) for the year	40,299	87,102		1,27,40 1,27,40
alance as at March 31, 2024	-	58,777	2,106	
2024	40,299	1,45,879	2,106	60,88 1,88,28

Note : There are no changes in accounting policy or prior period errors which are charged to retained earnings Nature and purpose of reserves

- (a) Retained Earnings: Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date net of appropriations. It is available for distribution to Shareholders.
- (b) Securities premium: Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilized in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The accompanying notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of the financial statements

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As per our report of even date attached.

FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 012796C

CA Gyan Chandra Misra

Partner Membership no :- 078183

Place: - Ghaziabad

Date: 20.05.2024

UDIN: 24078183BKATBL4922

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **HMA Food Export Private Limited**

CIN: U01403UP2009PTC038747

Gulzair Ahmed Director

DIN: 09116380

Place: Agra Date: 20.05.2024 **Parvez Alam**

INDIA

Director DIN: 01312276

Place : Agra Date: 20.05.2024

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

1 Corporate information

HMA Foods Export Private Limited ("the Company") is domiciled and incorporated in India and it is an unlisted Company. The registered office of the Company is situated at 2/220, 2nd Floor, Glory Plaza, Opp Soor Sadan, M G Road, Agra-282002. The Company is engaged in the business of Manufacturing and exporting of Buffalo Frozen Meat and Meat Products operating in State of Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Haryana, Rajasthan, Bihar and Maharashtra. The financial statements of the company for the period ended March 31. 2024 were approved and authorized for issue by board of directors in their meeting held on May 17. 2024.

Material accounting policies

Paterial accounting policies

2 Basis of preparation

The standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies Act. 2013. (Ind AS) Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS

compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees "INR Thousands (Rs 000) " which is also the Company's functional currency.

2.01 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost includes its purchase price including non-refundable taxes and duties, directly attributable

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or Recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and changes, if any, are accounted in the line with revisions

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight line method, which is in line with the estimated useful life as specified in Schedule II of the

Depreciation commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of profit and loss.

The estimated usefull lives are as follows:

Assets	Usefull life (years)
Office equiptment	(70.07)
Plant and Machinery	10
	15
Building	

2.02 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ▶ Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- ▶It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ▶ It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ► It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or

 There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

2.03 Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

▶In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

► In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

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A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs

INDIA

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HMA FOOD EXPORT PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

25 Fair value measurement

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value those includes cash and cash equivalents, Loan from related parties and trade payables.

(a) Financial instruments by category

Particular	Carrying	(Rs in '000	
	Fair value through profit or loss	Amortised cost	Level
Financial assets			
Non-Current			
Other financial assets			
Current	-	59,041	-
Trade receivables			
Cash and cash equivalents		19,611	-
Bank balances other than above		2,936	-
Total financial assets	-	-	
	-	81,587	
Financial liabilities			
Current			
rade payables			
Other financial liabilities		31,497	-
Total financial liabilities	-	77,949	_
	-	1,09,446	

	Fair value		Level
	through profit or loss	Amortised cost	
Financial assets			
Non-Current			
Other financial assets	_	25.020	
Current		25,930	
rade receivables		18,324	
Cash and cash equivalents		8,604	
ank balances other than above		18,737	
otal financial assets	-	84,024	
inancial liabilities			
Current			
rade payables		24 200	
ther financial liabilities	1	31,878	
otal financial liabilities	-	1,42,973 1,74,852	

Note: Carrying amounts of Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other financial assets, Trade payables and other financial liabilities as at March 31, 2024 & March 31, 2023 approximate the fair value. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, other financial assets and other financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost is not significant in each of the periods presented.

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

▶ Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
 ▶ Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
 ▶ Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For financial assets and liabilities maturing within one year from the balance sheet date and which are not carried at fair value, the carrying amount approximates fair For mancial assets and nationities maturing within one year from the balance sneet date and which are not carried at fair value, the carrying amount approximates fair value to due to short term maturity of these instruments.

The Company recognises the transfer between the levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the changes has occurred.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or

This note summaries accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes. ▶ Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy

► Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost)

2.04 Revenue from contract with customers

Revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring services to a customer. The Company identifies the performance obligations in its contracts with customers and recognizes revenue as and when the performance obligations are satisfied.

Revenue from inter-company arrangement is recognized based on transaction price which is at arm's length based on transfer pricing arrangement. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Sale of products

Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the control and ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer, on delivery of the goods to the ultimate

2.05 Taxes

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act 1961. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet approach at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates that are expected to apply in a year when asset is realized or the liability is expected to be settled

based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

2.06 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

2.07 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of financial asset. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price determined under Ind AS 115. Refer to the accounting policies in

section 2.4 for Revenue from contracts with customers.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortized cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flow flows while financial assets classified and shiftons and saling. measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual

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Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or conv are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

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Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

2.08 Financial Instruments continued

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

▶ Financial assets at amortized cost

► Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

► Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) with recycling of cumulative gains and losses

► Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition

A 'financial asset' is measured at amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss. The Company's financial assets at amortized cost includes loans and other

A 'financial asset' is measured at FVOCI if both the following conditions are met:

a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and

b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of profit and loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the balance sheet at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit and loss. This category includes investments in mutual funds. Dividends on such investments are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the right of payment

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from a Company's balance sheet) when: - The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Impairment of financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired, if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

For trade receivables, the Company applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
 Financial liabilities at amortized cost (loans and borrowings)

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.09 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise of cash balances at banks, on hand cash balances and demand deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, cash at bank, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with

2.10 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share is the net profit for the year after deducting any attributable tax thereto for the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.11 Segment Reporting

Based on "Management Approach" as defined in Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, the Chief Operating Decision Maker evaluates the Company's performance and allocates the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments. Inter segment sales and transfers are reflected at market prices. Unallocable items includes general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment. EXPOR

The Company prepares its segment information in conformity with the accounting policies adopted for preparing and the Company as a whole. Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment on an appropriate basis.

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INDIA

2.12 Company as a Lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

2.13 Significant accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's Standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances existing when the Standalone financial statements were prepared. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future year affected.

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements which have significant effect on the amounts Recognized

in the process or applying the company's accounting policies, management has more the following judgement and interprocess or applying the company's accounting policies, management has more the following judgement and interprocess or applying the companies assets and interprocess or applying the companies assets and interprocess or applying the companies assets and interprocess and interprocess or applying the companies assets and interprocess or applying the companies assets. the assessment as to which components of the cost may be Capitalized. Useful life of tangible assets is based on the life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and also as per management estimate for certain category of assets. Assumption also need to be made, when company assesses, whether as asset may be

2013 and also as per management estimate for Certain Category of assets. Assumption also need to be made, which components of the cost of the assets may be capitalized.

Capitalized and which components of the cost of the assets may be capitalized.

b. Contingencies: Management judgement is required for estimating the possible outflow of resources, if any, in respect of contingencies/ claim/ litigation against

company as it is not possible to predict the outcome or pending matters with accuracy.

c. Allowances for uncollected accounts receivable and advances: Trade receivables do not carry interest and are stated at their normal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts. Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems them not collectable. Impairment is made on the expected credit loss model, which are the present value of the cash shortfall over the expected life of the financial assets. The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumption about the risk of default and expected loss rates. Judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation are based on past history, existing market condition as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

d.Provision for income tax and deferred tax assets

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allocation of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining while determining the provision for income tax. A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax lossestax losses can be utilized. Accordingly, the Company exercises Company exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

2.14 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued

On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statement.

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EXPOR

3 Property Plant and Equiptments

Particulars	Land (Freehold)	Buildings	Plant & Machinery	Office Equipments	Vehicles	(Rs in '00
Gross carrying value as on April 01,2023 Addition	66,434	88,626	1,57,704	2,164	283	3,15,21
Deletions			13,109	266	-	13,37
Gross carrying value as on March 31, 2024	66,434	88,626	1,70,813	2,430	- 283	3,28,58
Accumulated depreciation as on April 01,2023 Depreciation for the period		28,951	84,588	958	215	
Deductions/Adjustments	-	5,608	15,100	344	20	1,14,71 21,07
Accumulated depreciation as on March 31, 2024		24 550	-	-		
Net carrying value as on March 31, 2024	66,434	34,559 54,067	99,688	1,302	235	1,35,78
		51,007	71,125	1,128	48	1,92,80
Gross carrying value as on April 01,2022						
Addition	65,774	88,626	1,57,374	1,657	283	3,13,71
Deletions	660	-	330	506	-	1,49
Gross carrying value as on March 31, 2023	66,434	99.636	4.57.70	-	-	-,15
	00,434	88,626	1,57,704	2,164	283	3,15,21
Accumulated depreciation as on April 01,2022 Depreciation for the period	-	22,756	69,115	794	405	
Deductions/Adjustments	-	6,195	15,473	164	186 29	92,85
accumulated depreciation as on March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	- 29	21,86
Net carrying value as on March 31, 2023	66,434	28,951	84,588	958	215	1,14,713
ote : The Company holds immovable properties in its own	00,434	59,674	73,115	1,206	67	2,00,497

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	Particulars				As at	(Rs in '00)
Inventories					March 31, 2024	March 31,2023
(Valued at lower of cost and net realisable	value)					
Stores & Spares and Other Materials						
Total					20,377	22,241
Trade Receivables					20,377	22,241
Unsecured, considered good						WE THE PLANT
- Related Parties (Refer note 24)						
- Others					19,554	18,294
Total					57	30
Ageing of Trade receivables					19,611	18,324
As at March 31, 2024						
Particulars	Less than 6	utstanding for follo	owing periods fro	m due date o	of payment	
	Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1,001	750				
	1,001	750	17,860		•	19,611
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	_	_				/
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit			•		•	-
impaired	-					
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables - considered						-
good	-	-				
(v) Disputed Trade receivables – which have						
significant increase in credit risk	-		-			
(vi) Disputed Trade receivables – credit						
impaired	400 m	-				
	1,001	750	17,860			
As at March 31, 2023			17,000		-	19,611
75 dt Fisitil 31, 2023						
_	Ou	tstanding for follow	ving periods from	due date of	payment	
Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables –	10.221	-				
considered good	18,324	· .	-	-		18,324
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk						10,324
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit			•	-		-
impaired	-					
(iv) Disputed Trade receivables - considered				-		
good	•	-	-	-		
(v) Disputed Trade receivables – which have						•
significant increase in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade receivables – credit	-	•	-	-		
impaired		_				
	19 224				•	-
	18,324	•	-	•	-	18,324
Cash & Cash Equivalents						
Cash in hand Balances with banks:					2,037	7,807
-In current account					_,_,	7,807
Total					899	797
					2,936	8,604
Other Bank Balances						
Bank Deposits						
In fixed deposit account with original maturity	of 3 months to 12	months*				10 707
otai						18,737 18,737
Are pledged against gaurantees given to vario	us government aut	horities.				20,737
Deferred Tax Assets (net)						
Property plant and Equipment Gratuity					3,740	1 060
otal					3,627	1,960 4,055
COOPERATE TO A STATE OF THE STA					7,367	6,015
					D	
				Gratuity	Property, plant & equipment and	Total
Particulars						Total
New York Control of the Control of t				dratuity		
At April 1, 2022				-	intangible assets 1,912	
At April 1, 2022 (Charged) / Credited				-	intangible assets	1,912
At April 1, 2022 (Charged) / Credited - to profit or loss At March 31, 2023				4,055	intangible assets 1,912 49	1,912 4,104
At April 1, 2022 (Charged) / Credited - to profit or loss At March 31, 2023 Charged) / Credited				4,055 4,055	intangible assets 1,912	1,912 4,104 6,015
At April 1, 2022 (Charged) / Credited - to profit or loss At March 31, 2023 (Charged) / Credited - to profit or loss				4,055 4,055	1,912 49 1,960	1,912 4,104 6,015
Particulars At April 1, 2022 (Charged) / Credited - to profit or loss At March 31, 2023 (Charged) / Credited - to profit or loss - to other comprehensive income At March 31, 2024				4,055 4,055	intangible assets 1,912 49	1,912 4,104 6,015

INDIA

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

		articulars			As at	(Rs in '000) As at
	Other Financial Assets Non Current				March 31, 202	4 March 31,2023
	(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)					
	Security deposit Fixed deposits*				20.0	20
	Interest accrued and not due				20,9 23,7	20,550
	Total				14,3	3,000
	*Are pledged against gaurantees given to various govern	nment authorities.			59,04	1 25,930
	Current					
	Interest accrued and not due Other receivables (Refer note 24)					
	Total				25	12,429
					25	
)	Other Assets Non Current					
	(Unsecured considered good)					
	Capital Advance for Immovable Property					
	Total				950	750
	Current Assets					750
	(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)					
	Advance to suppliers Advance to staff				12,182	17.776
	Balance with Government/statutory authorities				923	
	Prepaid Expenses				2,604	1,948
	Total				200 15,909	30
	Equity share capital					20,753
	Authorized 50,00,000 Equity shares of Rs 10/- each					
	(March 31, 2023 : 50,00,000) equity shares of face value F	Rs. 10 each			50,000	50,000
					50,000	F0.00C
	Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up				30,000	50,000
	16,86,600/- equity shares of Rs 10/- each fully paid up					
	(March 31, 2023 : 16,86,600) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	fully paid up			16,866	16,866
					16,866	16,866
	Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning	ng and at the end of t	he vear			-5,550
	Particulars	one one of	As at March	31, 2024	As at Man	ch 31,2023
			Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
	Equity shares At the commencement of the year					
	Issued during the year		16,86,600	16,866	16,86,600	16,866
	At the end of the year		16,86,600	16,866	16,86,600	16,866
_	Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% s	hares of a class of sh	ares			
			As at March	31, 2024	As at Marc	ch 31,2023
	Particulars ,		% of total shares in	Number of	% of total	
-	Equip. shares of Barda and a second		the class	shares	shares in the class	Number of shares
1	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid- up held by					
	HMA Agro Industries Limited* *Company is the holding Company		100.00%	16,86,600	100.00%	16,86,600
	COMPANY IS THE HORING LUMDARY			100		
2						
3	Shares held by Promoter of the Company					
3						
-	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024	No. of shares at	Change during	No. of shares		Of shows 1
-	Shares held by Promoter of the Company	the beginning of	Change during the year	at the end of	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
-	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024	the beginning of the year		at the end of the year		% change during the year
1	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name	the beginning of		at the end of the year 16,86,600	100%	
- I	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total	the beginning of the year 16,86,600	the year	at the end of the year		
- I	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Aarch 31, 2023	the beginning of the year 16,86,600	the year	16,86,600 16,86,600	100%	
1	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total	16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of	the year	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of	100%	year - % change during the
, I I I I	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Fotal Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited IMA Agro Industries Limited	the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year	the year	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year	100% 100% % of Total Shares	year -
, I I	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited IMA Agro Industries Limited IMA Agro Industries Limited Total	No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600	the year	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of	100% 100%	year - % change during the
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Aarch 31, 2023 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total IMA Agro Industries Limited Total IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Total Lights, preferences and restrictions attached to equit	No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600	the year Change during the year	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year 16,86,600	100% 100% % of Total Shares 100% 100%	year - % change during the year -
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Otal Idights, preferences and restrictions attached to equite to the company has one class of equity shares having a par value Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the share he Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the share	No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 by shares like of Rs 10 per share.	Change during the year	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600	100% 100% % of Total Shares 100% 100% to per share held. The content of the per share held.	year - % change during the year -
THE PETERTULA	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Agromoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Image: The Agromatic Industries Limited Total Image: The Agromatic Industries Indust	No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 by shares like of Rs 10 per share.	Change during the year	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600	100% 100% % of Total Shares 100% 100% to per share held. The content of the per share held.	year - % change during the year -
T I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Fromoter Na	the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 by shares like of Rs 10 per share. tholders in the ensuing A eremaining assets of the	the year Change during the year	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 eligible for one voing, except in cattribution of all prescriptions.	100% 100% % of Total Shares 100% 100% to per share held. The come of interim dividend. Inferential amounts, in preferential amounts, in preferenti	% change during the year dividend proposed by the event of poportion to their EXF
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Aarch 31, 2023 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Total	No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 ty shares at the degree of the year	the year Change during the year Each shareholder is Annual General Meet e Company after dis in cash or as fully p.	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 eligible for one veing, except in cattribution of all presidup by way of light on the year of the year o	100% 100% % of Total Shares 100% 100% to per share held. The come of interim dividend. Inferential amounts, in preferential amounts, in preferenti	% change during the year dividend proposed by the event of opportion to their opportion to their opposed by the state of the event of the event of opportion to their opportion to the opportio
THE PET HILLISH	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Fromoter Na	No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 ty shares at the degree of the year	the year Change during the year Each shareholder is Annual General Meet e Company after dis in cash or as fully p.	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 eligible for one veing, except in cattribution of all presidup by way of light on the year of the year o	100% 100% % of Total Shares 100% 100% to per share held. The come of interim dividend. Inferential amounts, in preferential amounts, in preferenti	% change during the year dividend proposed by the event of poportion to their EXF
T I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Aarch 31, 2023 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Total	No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 ty shares at the degree of the year	the year Change during the year Each shareholder is Annual General Meet e Company after dis in cash or as fully p.	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 eligible for one veing, except in cattribution of all presidup by way of light on the year of the year o	100% 100% % of Total Shares 100% 100% to per share held. The come of interim dividend. Inferential amounts, in preferential amounts, in preferenti	% change during the year dividend proposed by the event of opportion to their opportion to their opposed by the state of the event of the event of opportion to their opportion to the opportio
THE PET HILLISH	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Aarch 31, 2023 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Total	No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 ty shares at the degree of the year	the year Change during the year Each shareholder is Annual General Meet e Company after dis in cash or as fully p.	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 eligible for one veing, except in cattribution of all presidup by way of light on the year of the year o	100% 100% % of Total Shares 100% 100% to per share held. The come of interim dividend. Inferential amounts, in preferential amounts, in preferenti	% change during the year dividend proposed by the event of opportion to their opportion to their opposed by the state of the event of the event of opportion to their opportion to the opportio
THE PET HILLISH	Shares held by Promoter of the Company March 31, 2024 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Aarch 31, 2023 Promoter Name IMA Agro Industries Limited Total Total	No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 No. of shares at the beginning of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 ty shares at the degree of the year	the year Change during the year Each shareholder is Annual General Meet e Company after dis in cash or as fully p.	at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 No. of shares at the end of the year 16,86,600 16,86,600 eligible for one veing, except in cattribution of all presidup by way of light on the year of the year o	100% 100% % of Total Shares 100% 100% to per share held. The come of interim dividend. Inferential amounts, in preferential amounts, in preferenti	% change during the year dividend proposed by the event of opportion to their poportion to their in the event of opportion to their in the event of t

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

	Particulars		(Rs in '000)
12	Other Equity	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31,2023
	Security premium reserve		1101011 31,2023
	Reserve and surplus	40,299	40,299
	Other comprehensive Income	1,45,879	87,102
	Total	2,106	-
		1,88,284	1,27,401
13	Trade payables		
	- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprise and small enterprises		
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises Related parties (Refer note 24)		
	- Others	1,346	
	Total	30,151	31,878
		31,497	31,878
	The Company has the assess of the second of		

The Company has the process of identification of 'suppliers' registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006, by obtaining confirmations from all suppliers. The Company has not received intimation from any of the 'suppliers' regarding their status under MSMED Act, 2006 and hence disclosures if any, relating to amounts unpaid as at the year end together with interest paid/payable as required have not been furnished.

Ageing of Trade payables As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	7-4-1
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro		year .		,	riore didn's years	Total
enterprises and small enterprises (ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other		•		-		-
nan micro enterprises and small enterprises ii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and	•	31,376		121		31,497
mall enterprises v) Disputed dues of creditors other than	•				•	
nicro enterprises and small enterprises	• .	-	-			
btal	-	31,376	-	121		31,497

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars		Outstand	ing for following	periods from d	lue date of payment	
(i) Tabel and the second	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years		More than 3 years	Total
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other	-	•	-	-	-	-
han micro enterprises and small enterprises iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and	•	30,873	849	12	144	31,87
mall enterprises v) Disputed dues of creditors other than				-	-	
nicro enterprises and small enterprises	•	•	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-		31,878

			31,0/8
14	Other financial liabilities		
	Advance from related parties Employee related obligations	69,362	1,36,880
	Other payables	7,029	6,094
	Total	1,558	
		77,949	1,42,973
15	Other Current Liabilities		
	Advance from customer		
	Statutory dues payable*		125
	Total	11,092	3,821
	*Includes liability towards Tax deducted at source and GST liability	11,092	3,946
	The decision of the deducted at source and GST liability		

16 Provisions

Total current provisions

Non-current provisions		
Gratuity (Refer note 23)		
Total non-current provisions	9,205	10,684
Total Holl Cult City provisions	9,205	10,684
Current provisions		124-13-611.
Gratuity (Refer note 23)		
Leave encashment	1,363	1,132

760

2,123

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	Particulars	Year ended	(Rs in '000) Year ended
17	Revenue from operations	March 31, 2024	March 31,2023
	Facility management services		
	Total	7,80,000	5,31,535
	Total	7,80,000	5,31,535
18	Other income		
	Interest Income :		
	on fixed deposits with bank		
	-others	2,160	1,093
	Miscellaneous Income		834
	Total	189	151
	- Color	2,349	2,078
19	Employee Benefit Expenses		
	Salaries, Wages, Allowances and Bonus		
	Company's Contribution to Provident and Other funds	3,41,724	3,13,763
	Gratuity	2,889	3,070
	Staff Welfare Expenses	1,958	11,816
	Total	3,274	459
		3,49,845	3,29,108
20	Finance cost		
	Interest on statutory dues		
	Total	-	32
		•	32
21	Depreciation expenses		
	Depreciation on tangible assets		
	Total	21,072	21,862
		21,072	21,862
22	Other Expenses		
	Power and fuel	2.44.064	
	Repairs and maintenance	2,44,061	1,30,371
	-building	10 104	
	-plant and machinery	10,104	-
	Consumable expense	35,532	5,317
	Security charges and Housekeeping	16,777	9,846
	Fees, Rates and Taxes	14,422	13,221
	Freight Charges	3,669	204
	Packaging expenses	1,933	917
	Factory / Machinery / Office / Flat Rent Expenses	1,578	249
	Printing and stationery	1,668 1,044	1,014
	Travelling and coveyance expense	1,028	-
	Legal & Professional Charges	987	685
	Auditors Remuneration (Refer note below 22(a))	80	522
	/ehicle Running and Maintenance Expenses	75	30
	nsurance Charges		200
	Conation expense	64	615
	Testing charges	61	113
	Bank charges	40	126
	Membership Fees & Subscription	5	16
		TO THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER O	240
	Aisc. / Office / General Expenses	2,425	1,129

22(a) Auditors Remuneration

Audit Fees

Total

30 80 30



Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

23 Employee benefits

(a) Defined contribution plan

The Company has a defined contribution plan in respect of provident fund. Contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees as per regulations. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the Government of India. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	(in 000' Rupees Year ended
implements and the second state of the second	Harch 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
imployer's contribution to provident fund	2,889	3,070
ncluded in 'Contribution to provident fund' under employee benefits ϵ		3,070

(b) Compensated absences

Liability under Compensated absences pertains to leave balances and is disclosed under current provisions

(c) Defined benefit plans

Gratuity:

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefit obligation. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on death or resignation or retirement at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. The actuarial valuation of the defined benefit obligation was carried out at the balance sheet date. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost were measured using the Projected Unit

		(in 000' Rupee
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Discount rate as at 31 March Future salary increases Attrition rate Mortality Rate	6.97% 5.00% 10.00% Indian Assured Lives	7.20% 5.00% 10.00% Indian Assured Lives
Weighted average duration of the obligation	Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate -100% 7.75 Years	Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate -100% 8 Years

Notes:

- 1. Discount rate: The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities for the estimated term of the obligations.
- 2. Salary escalation rate: The estimates of future salary increases considered takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet and movements in the net defined benefit obligation (DBO) are as

Change in the present value of obligation	As at	(in 000' Rupees)
change in the present value of obligation	March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year Interest cost Past service cost Current service cost	11,816 810	- - 9,553
Benefits paid Remeasurement due to	1,148	2,263
Actuarial loss/(gain) arising from change in financial assumptions Actuarial loss/(gain) arising on account of experience changes Actuarial (gain)/loss arising on account of demographical assumptions Transfer In/out	162 (3,368) -	:
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	10,568	21/s16)

Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of assets	As at March 31, 2024	(in 000' Rupees As at March 31, 2023
Present value of funded obligation at the end of the year	10,568	11,816
Funded Status [Surplus/ (Deficit)]	10,568	11,816

Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss	As at March 31, 2024	(in 000' Rupees As at March 31, 2023
Current service cost		
Past service cost	1,148	2,263
Interest cost		9,553
	810	
Total expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss	1,958	11,816

Amount recognised in other comprehensive income	As at March 31, 2024	(in 000' Rupee As at March 31, 2023
Remeasurements during the year due to		
Changes in financial assumptions Changes in demographic assumptions	162	
experience adjustments	(3,368)	:
Amount recognised in other comprehensive income during the year	(3.206)	

(d) Sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in weighted principal assumptions is:

Impact on present benefit obligation

		(in 000' Rupees)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Discount rate +100 basis points Discount rate -100 basis points Salary increase rate +100 basis points Salary increase rate -100 basis points	(9,899) 11,332 11,292 (9,923)	(852) 977 989 (877)

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice it is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. The methods and types of assumption used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to previous period.

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HMA FOOD EXPORT PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

24	Related party transactions	Nature of
	Related parties	relationship
1	HMA Agro Industries Limited	
2	Federal Agro Private Limited	Parent Company
3	Ashraf Qureshi	Fellow subsdiary
4	Gulzar Ahmed	Relatives of KMP
5	Mohd Kamil Qureshi	Relatives of KMP
6	Nafees Begum	Relatives of KMP
7	Wajid Ahmed	Relatives of KMP
8	Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi	Relatives of KMP
9	Reliable Agro Foods	Relatives of KMP
10	United Fram Products Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
11	Swastik Bones and Gelatines Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
	The state of the s	Fellow subsidiary
	Key Mangerial Personnal (KMP)	
1	Mohammad Mehmood Oureshi (unto February 03, 2022)	
2	Prashant Sharma (w.e.f. December 01, 2022)	Directors
3	Gulzair Ahmed (w.e.f. May 05, 2022)	Directors
4	Parvez Alam	Directors
		Directors

A	Transactions	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31,2023
	Sale of Facility management services		
1	HMA Agro Industries Limited	7.00.000	
2	Federal Agro Private Limited	7,80,000	3,90,626
		•	1,41,549
	Consumable Sales		
1	Federal Agro Private Limited	210	
2	Reliable Agro Foods	210	<u>.</u>
3	United Fram Products Private Limited		154
1	Swastik Bones and Gelatines Private Limited	684	1,19
5	HMA Agro Industries Limited	118 370	•
	C	3/0	•
	Consumable Expenses		
L 2	HMA Agro Industries Limited	24	53
•	United Fram Products Private Limited	126	141
	Rent expense	120	141
	Ashraf Qureshi		
	Gulzar Ahmed		36
	Mohd Kamil Oureshi	36	36
	Mohd. Mehmood Qureshi	36	36
	Nafees Begum	36	36
	Parvez Alam	-	36
	Wajid Ahmed	36	36
	Zulfigar Ahmed Qureshi	108	72
		36	. 36

В	Balances	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31,2023
	Advance from related party		
1	HMA Agro Industries Limited	69,362	1,36,074
	Trade Payable Related Party		
1	Ashraf Qureshi		
2	Gulzar Ahmed	78	72
	Mohd Kamil Qureshi	108	30
4	Mohd. Mehmood Qureshi	108	30
5	Parvez Alam	254	181
6	Wajid Ahmed	438	366
7	Zulfiqar Ahmed Qureshi	108	7.
	Other Payables		
1	FNS Agro		
2	Laal Agro Food Private Limited	1,169 390	
	Trade Receivables		
1	Federal Agro Industries Private Limited	46.004	
2	Reliable Agro Foods	16,994	16,746
3	United Fram Products Private Limited	434	181
	The state of the s	2,126	1,248
	Other Receivables		
1	Swastik Bones and Gelatines Private Limited	257	118

Sr no.	Commitments	Year ended	Year ended
	Gaurantee given for parent company	March 31, 2024	March 31,2023
1	HMA Agro Industries Limited	24,00,000	24,00,000

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HMA FOOD EXPORT PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

Financial risk management framework

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Board holds regular

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Board oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

a). Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers.

Cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and other deposits with banks is limited as the Company generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by external credit rating agencies, accordingly the Company considers that the related credit risk is low.

Trade and other receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which Company operates and other macro-economic factors.

Credit quality of a customer is assessed based on its credit worthiness and historical dealings with the Company, market intelligence and goodwill. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The management uses a simplified approach for the purpose of computation of expected credit loss for trade receivables and other receivables.

b). Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The below table analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity based on their contractual maturities. The amounts disclosed in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Particulars	(Rs in '000)		
March 31, 2024	<12months	>12months	
Non Derivative financial instruments Trade payables Other financial liabilities	31,376 77,949	121	
March 31, 2023 Non Derivative financial instruments Trade payables Other financial liabilities	30,873 1,42,973	1,005	

(c). Market risk

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates – that will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of the investments. Thus, the exposure to market risk is a function of investing and borrowing activities and revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency.

(i). Currency risk

The Company does not transact in any currency other than functional currency, hence the Company is not exposed to currency risk.

(ii). Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The Company's borrowings are interest free loans and are carried at amortized cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest

The Company has assessed no exposure to fluctuating change of market interest rates.



HMA FOOD EXPORT PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

27 Ratio Analysis and its elements

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	% change	Reason for variance
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0.48	0.50	44.55	
Return on net	Net Profits after		0.46	0.56	-14.25%	
worth	taxes – Preference Dividend	Shareholder's Equity	0.29	0.08	252.68%	Increase due to increase in profit
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Net credit sales = Gross credit sales - sales return	Average Trade Receivable	41.12	58.02	-29.12%	Increase due to better realisation from
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	Working capital = Current assets – Current liabilities	-12.27	-6.74	81.99%	debtors Increase due to increase in sale
Net Profit ratio	Net Profit	Net sales = Total sales - sales return	0.08	0.02	241.76%	Increase due to increase in profit
Return on Capital Employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability	0.37	0.12	199.85%	margin Increase due to increase in profit margin

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Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

28 Earnings per share

Particulars Loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31,2023
Weighted average number of equity shares - Earnings per share (basic) - Earnings per share (diluted) Face value per equity share (Rs.)	60,883 16,86,600 36.10 36.10 10.00	11,720 16,86,600 6.95 6.95 10.00

29 Income tax expense

This note provides analysis of Company's income tax expense, amounts that are recognized directly in equity and how the tax expense is affected by non-assessable and non-deductible items. It also explains significant estimates in relation to the Company's tax position.

(a) Income tax expense is as follows

Particulars (a) Profit and loss	Year ended March 31, 2024	(Rs in '000 Year ended March 31,2023
Current tax Tax expense relating to prior years Deferred tax	26,928 (7,374)	10,180
Total tax expense	(2,452) 17,102	

(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit computed by applying income tax rate:

Particulars	Year ended	(Rs in '00 Year ended
Profit before tax	March 31, 2024	March 31,2023
Tax rate	75,879	17,79
Computed tax expense	34.32%	34.32
Fax expense relating to prior years	26,042	6,107
Other adjustments	(7,374)	0,10,
otal	(1,566)	
· otal	17,102	(32 6,07 6

30 Capital management

The Company's objective for capital management is to maximize shareholder value, safeguard business continuity and support the growth of the Company. The Company determines the capital requirement based on annual operating plans and long-term and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through available cash and cash equivalents and borrowings from the related party.

31 Segment reporting

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker for assessing the Company's performance and allocating the resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by business segments and geographic segments.

The Company is engaged into business of Manufacturing and exporting of Buffalo Frozen Meat and Meat Products which is single reportable business segment. Hence the Company's financial statements reflect the position for a reportable segment and no separate disclosure is required. The company operates in India and no reportable geographical segment.

32 Commitments and contingent liabilities

Commitments: The Company is the party to joint Corporate guarantee given to financial institution for borrowings taken by HMA Agro Industries Limited. Total amount of joint guarantee given is Rs 4,800,000 thousands in current year (March 31, 2023: 2,400,000 thousands).

Contingent liability: The Company has ongoing Service tax claims against Company which are not acknowledged as debt. These matters are pending under appeal pending outcome. The Company believes that these claims are not tenable and hence no provision has been made in this regards. Amount of pending claims is Rs 138,557 thousands at March 31,2024 and Rs 120,122 thousands at March 31, 2023.

A search was carried out on November 5, 2022 by the Income-tax authorities at various locations of the Company under Section 132 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. Panchama's in respect of the above searches were prepared recording the search proceedings conducted by the various Income-tax officers at these locations of the Company. Thereafter, proceedings have been initiated by the Revenue authorities under various provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961 and no demand has been raised till the date of approval of these financial statements against the Company. The Company is not able to estimate the liabilities under this search and hence no undisclosed income in its financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023. Also, the Company has not accounted for any undisclosed income in its financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024. These markers are under consideration infront of various authorities and is awaiting outcome.

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HMA FOOD EXPORT PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements as at March 31, 2024

33 The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of directors on May 17, 2024.

Events after the reporting period

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between March 31, 2024 and the date of authorization of these

Other Statutory Information

- (i) The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for
- (ii) The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- (iii)The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period,
- (iv)The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (v) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (vi)The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries, (b)

36 Previous year's figures are recast/regrouped wherever necessary to conform to current year's classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

FOR MAPSS AND COMPANY

Chartered Acqountants

Firm's Registration Number: 012796C

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **HMA Food Export Private Limited**

CIN: U01403UP2009PTC038747

CA Gyan Chandra Misra

Partner

Membership no :- 078183

Place: - Ghaziabad

Date: UDIN: **Gulzair Ahmed**

Director

DIN: 09116380 Place: Agra

Date:

Parvez Alam

EXPOR

INDIA

Director

DIN: 01312276 Place: Agra

Date: